

**Spearhead Machinery
Operator Instruction Manual For**

ROLLIFLAIL 200/250/280HD

2.0-2.8m cut width, 540 or 1000 PTO input

Vegetation control heavy-duty flail mower

8999119EN v1.1

IMPORTANT

Verification Of Warranty Registration

Dealer Warranty Information & Registration Verification

It is imperative that the selling dealer registers this machine with Spearhead before delivery to the end user.

Failure to do so may affect the validity of the machine warranty.

To register machines go to the Spearhead Machinery Limited web site at:

<https://my.spearheadmachinery.com/warranty/machine-registration/>

Should you experience any problems registering a machine in this manner please contact the Spearhead Service Department on 01789 491867.

Confirm to the customer that the machine has been registered in the section below.

Registration Verification

Model Type:		Rolliflail HD
Model Number:		9 _____
Serial Numbers:	Machine:	S _____
	Cutting Implement:	S _____
	Other:	
Name Of Owner:		
Name Of Installing Dealer:		
Dealer Address:		
Dealer Signature:		
Date Of Delivery / Installation:		
Date Of Warranty Registration:		

IMPORTANT

At the point of transfer of ownership record the above information. Note the serial number of your machine and always quote it in any communication with us or your dealer. (The serial number plate is located on the machine mainframe.) This is particularly important when ordering spares. Remember to include all numbers and letters.

The information given throughout this manual is correct at the time of publication. However, in the course of constant development of Spearhead machines, changes in specification are inevitable. Should you find the information given in this book to be at variance with the machine in your possession, you are advised to contact the Spearhead Service department where up-to-date information will be provided.

The manual can contain standard and optional features and is not to be used as a machine specification. The machine has been tested and is considered safe if carefully used. Ensure your operator is properly trained in its use and maintenance.

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Rolliflail HD Series Flail Mower

This manual covers the Rolliflail HD group of flail mowers which are available in 2.0m, 2.5m and 2.8m cut widths.

These heavy-duty machines can be front, or rear mounted by decoupling and reversing the headstock which provides added functionality at no extra cost. The Rolliflail HD flail mowers have an optional side shift ability to offset the position of the flail mower.

In order to cater for the front and rear mounting options, these machines can be run at 540rpm or 1000rpm. Providing the tractor front and rear drive rotation is consistent with the machine drive rotation, the two drive speeds can be achieved by swapping the drive pulleys over.

It is essential that the guards (including the roller) are always fitted during operation and that the machine is operated in line with the procedures and practices detailed in this manual.

IMPORTANT

This operator's manual should be regarded as part of the machine. Suppliers of both new and second-hand machines are advised to retain documentary evidence that this manual was provided with the machine.

This machine is designed solely for ground vegetation control and must not be used for any other purpose. Use in any other way is considered as contrary to the intended use. Compliance with, and strict adherence to, the conditions of operation, service, and repair, as specified by the manufacturer, also constitute essential elements of the intended use.

This machine should be operated, serviced, and repaired only by persons who are familiar with its characteristics and who are acquainted with the relevant safety procedures.

Accident prevention regulations, all other generally recognised regulations on safety and occupational medicine, and all road traffic regulations must always be observed.

Any arbitrary modifications carried out to this machine may relieve the manufacturer of liability for any resulting damage or injury.

It is potentially hazardous to fit or use any parts other than genuine **Spearhead** parts.

The company disclaims all liability for the consequences of such use which, in addition, voids the machine warranty.

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1 Machine Description

1.1 Intended Usage

The Rolliflail HD group of flail mowers excel in scrub and bramble clearance, road side verge mowing, orchard grass cutting, playing field and parkland mowing, public rights of way and many other applications.

The Rolliflail group of flail mowers are designed for use on level, undulating or inclined ground. They will cut vegetation up to 30mm thickness.

They can be mounted to agricultural tractors with a minimum of 50-70Hp and weighing at least 3500kg dependant on the machine cutting width.

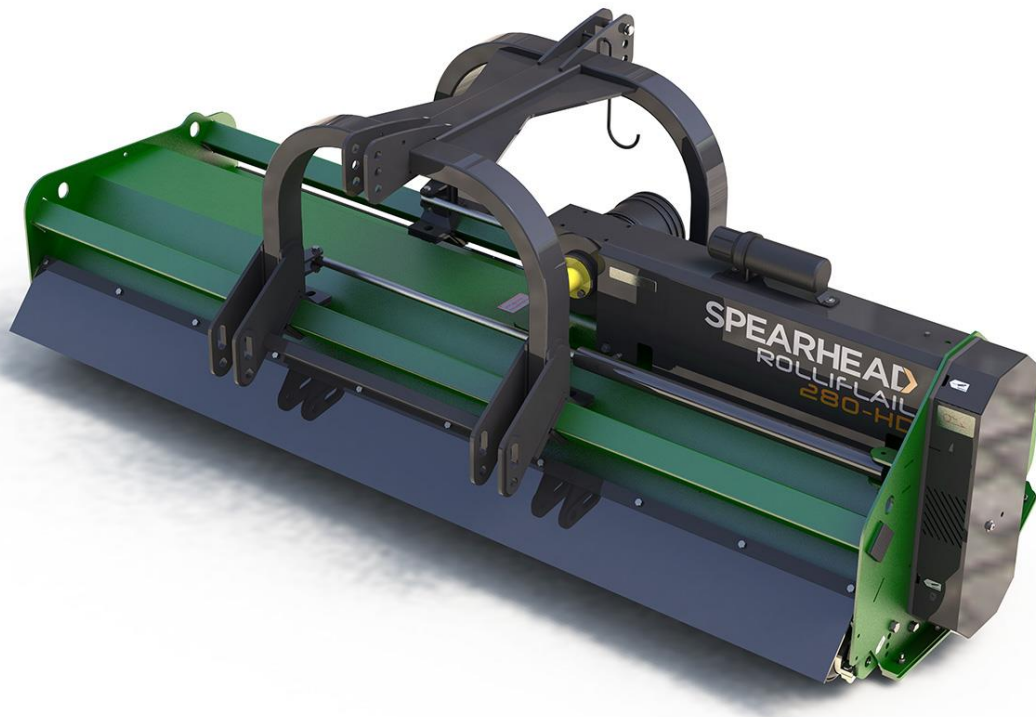


Figure 1.1 Spearhead Rolliflail HD Series
(280 model illustrated)

1.2 General Arrangement

The layout and naming convention used throughout this manual are shown in Figure 1.2 below

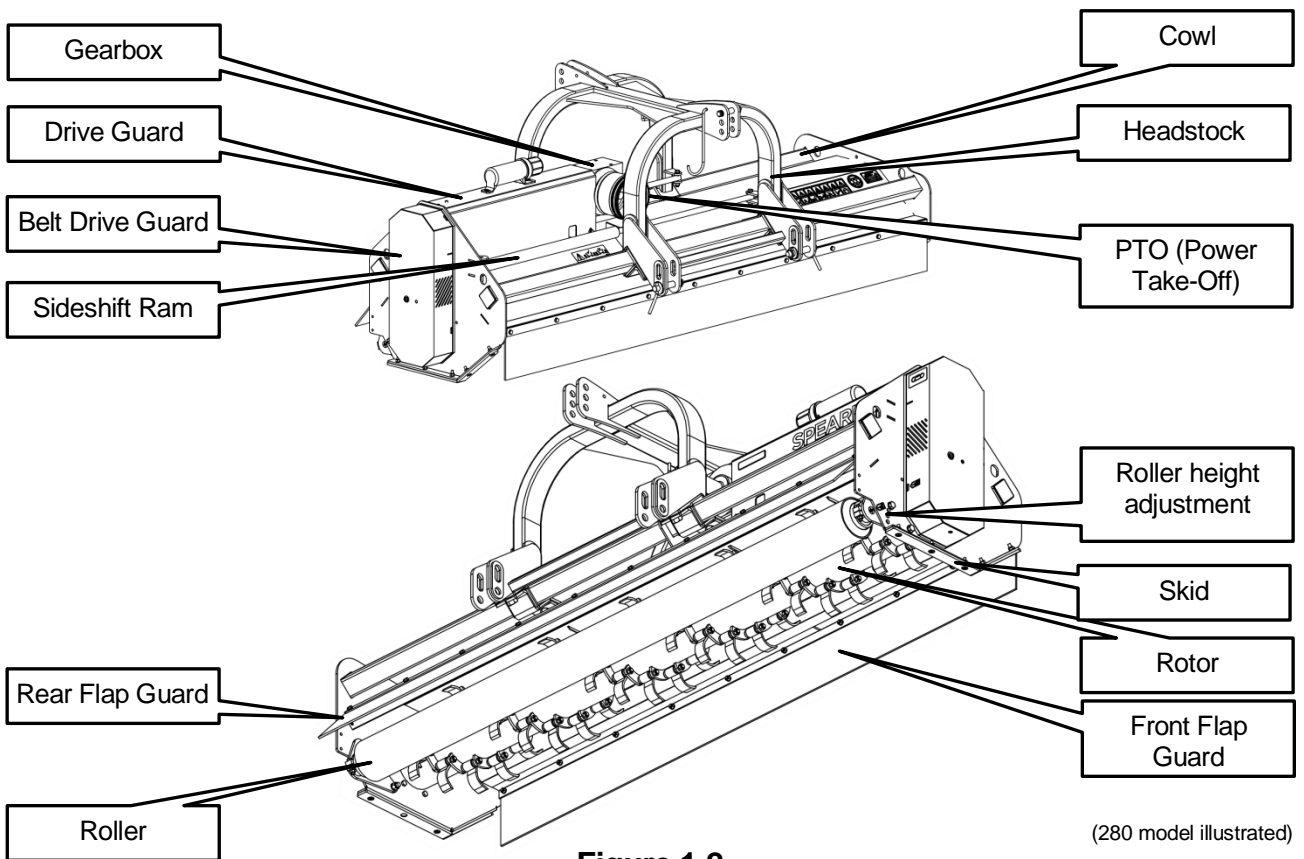


Figure 1.2

1.3 Rotation Definitions And Conventions

This instruction manual refers to relative rotational directions. The terms clockwise and anti-clockwise are relative definitions and depend on the operator's viewpoint. To eliminate confusion the following definitions will be used throughout this text;

Under normal cutting conditions flail rotation in the flail mower will be the reverse of the tractor drive wheel rotation.

This will be defined as '**Reverse rotation**' (RR). See Figure 1.3(A).

[**Note:** for information only; When the direction of flail rotation in the flail mower is the same as the tractor drive wheel rotation, this is defined as 'Forward rotation' (FR)]

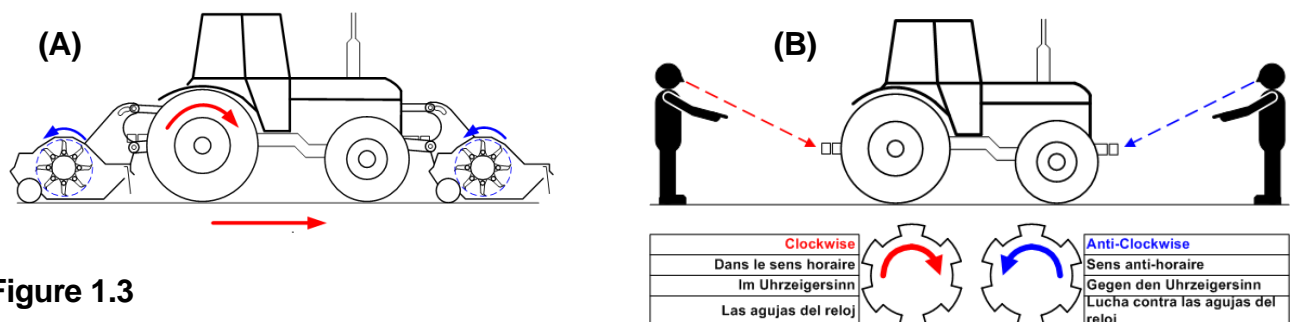


Figure 1.3

Additionally, other references to 'clockwise' and 'anti-clockwise' actions by the operator conform to international right-hand thread conventions for 'screw down' and 'un-screw' respectively.

This convention also extends to the definition of PTO drive rotation from the prime mover; see Figure 1.3(B).

1.4 Machine General Specification

Rolliflail HD Series (1)		Rolliflail 200 HD	Rolliflail 250 HD	Rolliflail 280 HD
Tractor	Horsepower	50	60	70
	Weight	3500kg		
PTO	Type	Live		
	Speed	540/1000rpm (+/-5%)		
	Size	34.9mm (1 3/8 inch), 6 spline		
Gearbox	Capacity	1.8 Litres		
Ram	Stroke	685mm (27")		
Mower	Mass (From CAD)	730kg	814kg	860kg
Dimensions (1) (6)	Overall Width	2323mm (91")	2803mm (110")	3005mm (118")
	Cutting width	1885mm (74")	2405mm (95")	2645mm (104")
	Overall length (Behind the tractor)	1194mm (47")		
	Height to top link pin	1039mm (41")		
	Full offset (to centreline) (2)	1891mm (74")	2126mm (84")	2232mm (88")
	Max Transport half width (3)	1206mm (47")	1441mm (57")	1547mm (61")
	Transport overhang (4)	2179mm (86")		
Drive	Rotor Drive	V Belt	V Belt	V Belt
	Number of drive belts	4	4	4
Shaft speed	Nominal shaft output speed (rpm) [540rpm PTO/1000rpm PTO.] (5)	2200	2200	2200
Flail type	C Flail (45mm) (Quantity)	48	60	66
Cut height	Min (mm)	0mm (0")		
	Max (mm)	150mm (6")		

Notes:

- (1) Spearhead constantly reviews and improves product designs and reserve the right to change this information. Actual machines may vary from the above specification. Contact your Spearhead Sales representative if you have any queries.
- (2) The 'full offset to centreline' dimension is the larger offset to centreline when the Sideshift ram is full retracted. The actual deployment distance beyond the tractor wheel is dependent on tractor width and machine transport symmetry.
- (3) When the side shift ram is fully open the machine is ready for transporting. In this position the machine centreline may not be in line with the tractor centreline. The 'transport width to centreline' is the corresponding larger half-width dimension for a machine which sits asymmetrically with respect to the tractor centreline. The largest half width may be drive or non-drive end and not necessarily as illustrated in Figure 1.5. Without taking special precautions, the maximum permissible transport width on public roads is 2.55m.
- (4) The transport overhang is indicative and will vary with the specified tractor. This figure assumes a reference dimension of **986mm (39")** between rear axle centre and mower rotor centre.
- (5) Figures quoted for shaft rpm are dependent on the pulley configuration.
- (6) All dimensions are determined from computer models, so actual measurements may vary slightly.

The following figures for Reach dimensions, Transport position and Shipping position illustrate the Rolliflail 280 HD only.

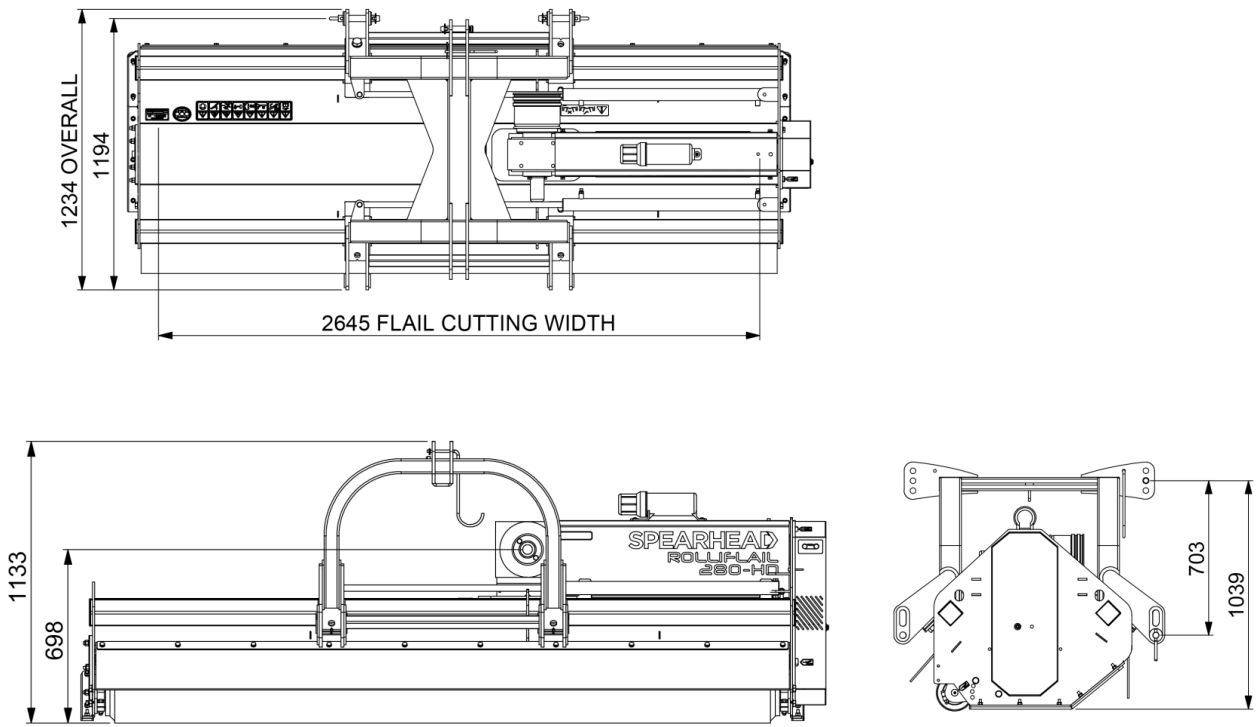


Figure 1.4 Reach Dimensions

NOTE: These figures for Reach dimensions, Transport position and Shipping position illustrate the Rollflail 280 HD only.

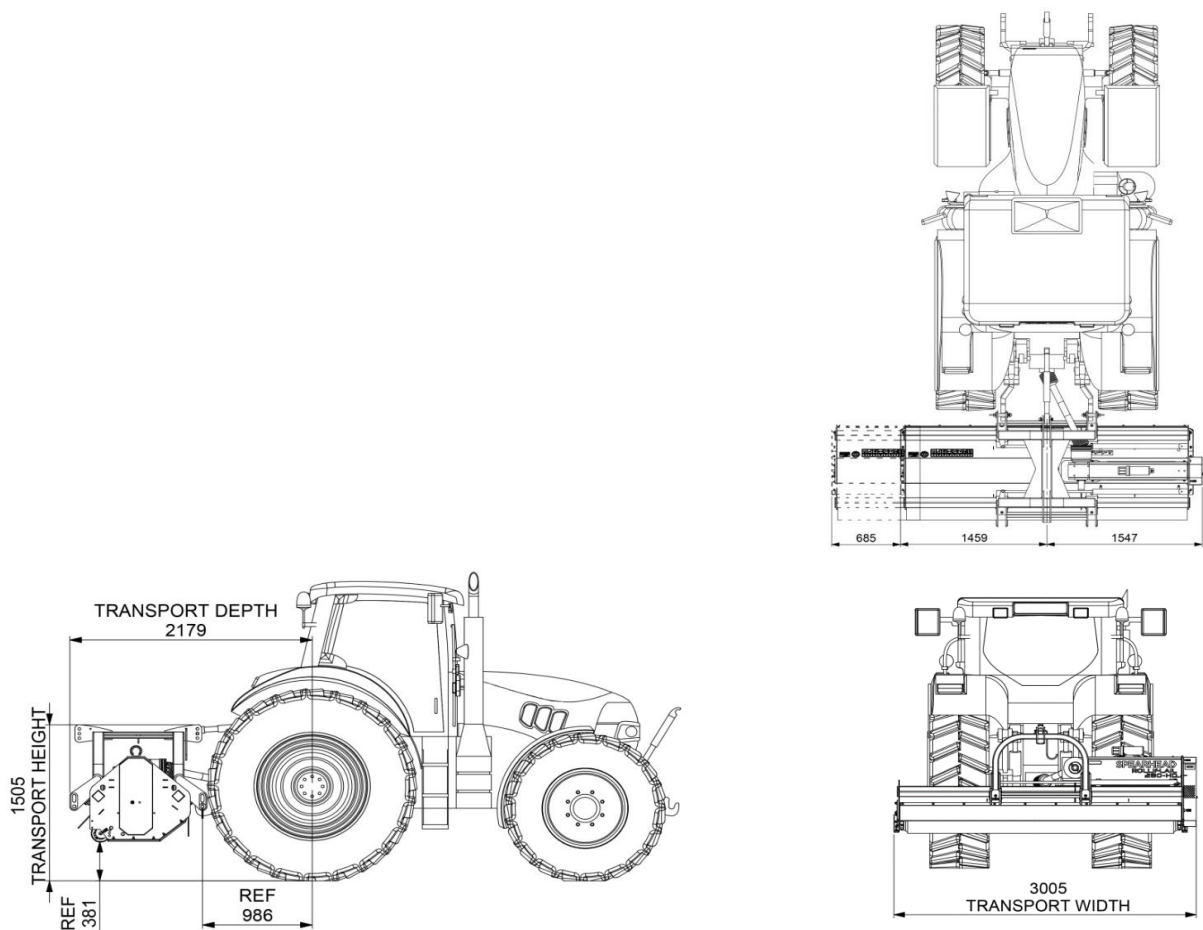
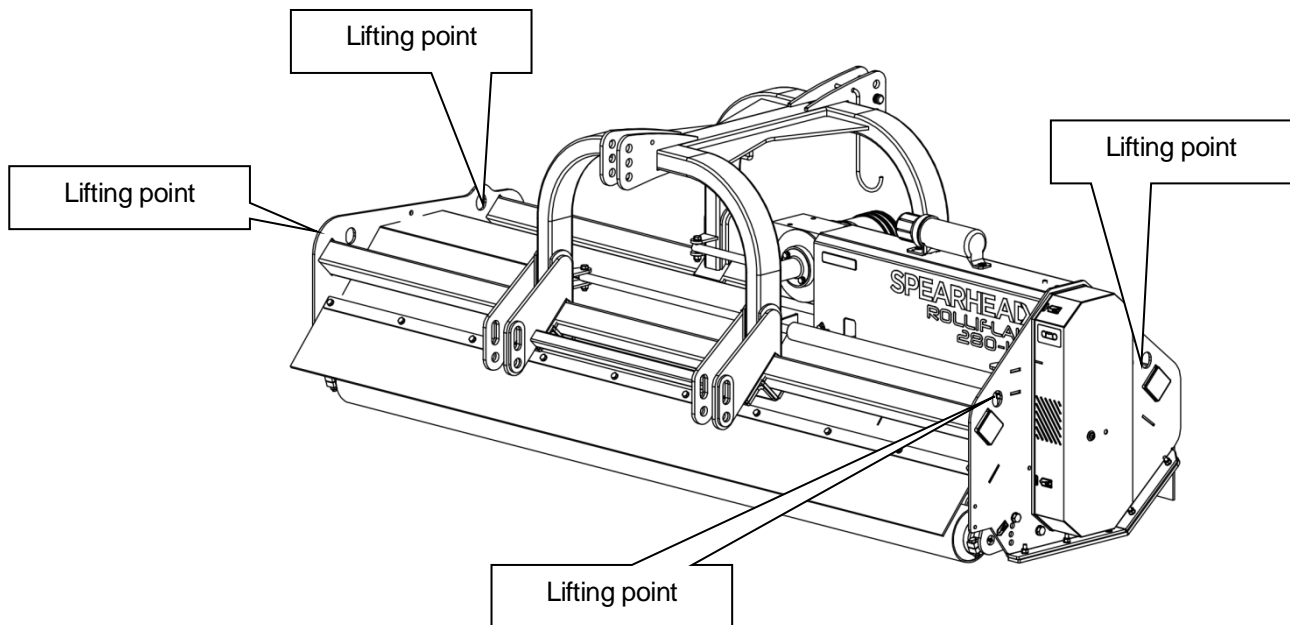


Figure 1.5 Transport Position



WARNING! Do not lift by Headstock alone. Damage may occur which will invalidate warranty.

Figure 1.6 Shipping Position

1.5 Other Model Specific Information

Although the Rolliflail HD group of flail mowers are rear mount as built, it is possible to turn them into front mount machines by reversing the headstock. See Figure 1.7

NOTE: Figure 1.7 shows a Rolliflail HD fitted with an optional hydraulic headstock. Guidance to specific headstock modifications for front mounting is shown in Section 1.5.1 and Section 1.5.2.

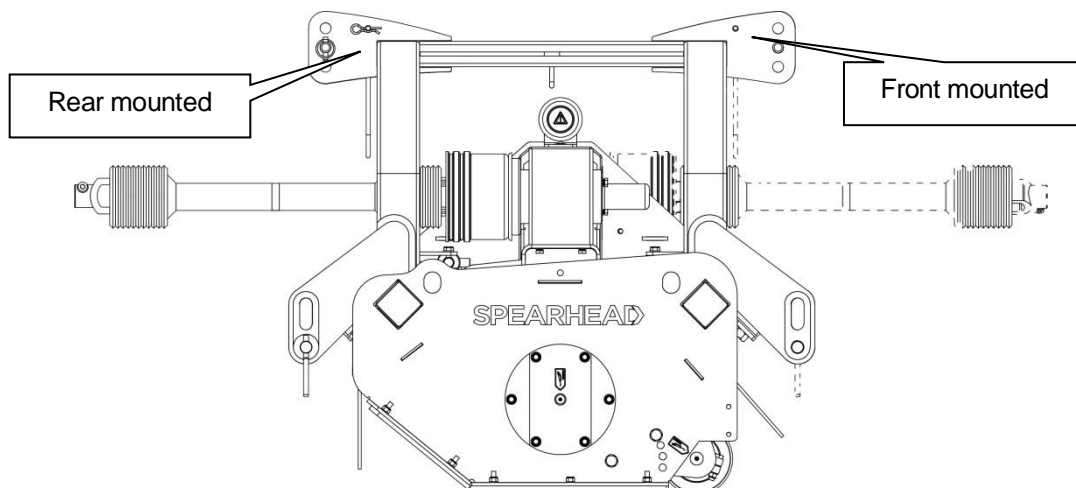


Figure 1.7

IMPORTANT! Before investing time in reversing the headstock, check that the rotation direction of the tractor front output is opposite that of the tractor rear output. (**Note:** Rotation direction is defined by the Spearhead PTO rotation convention, see section 1.3). Failure to check this first, may produce no rotor motion when changed because the gearbox overrun operates.

1.5.1 Reversing The Headstock For Front Mount Operation – Standard Headstock

- 1.5.1.1 Ensure that the machine is de-mounted from the tractor and standing on firm level ground within reach of lifting equipment.
- 1.5.1.2 The machine is normally supplied configured for rear mount and 1000rpm PTO drive, see Figure 1.8.
- 1.5.1.3 Before disconnecting the headstock clamps measure and record the distance from the headstock to the drive end plate to ensure it is put in the same location when reversed.
- 1.5.1.4 Support the Headstock in readiness to lift the Headstock clear. Be prepared, once disconnected, the headstock support may rotate independently of the headstock.

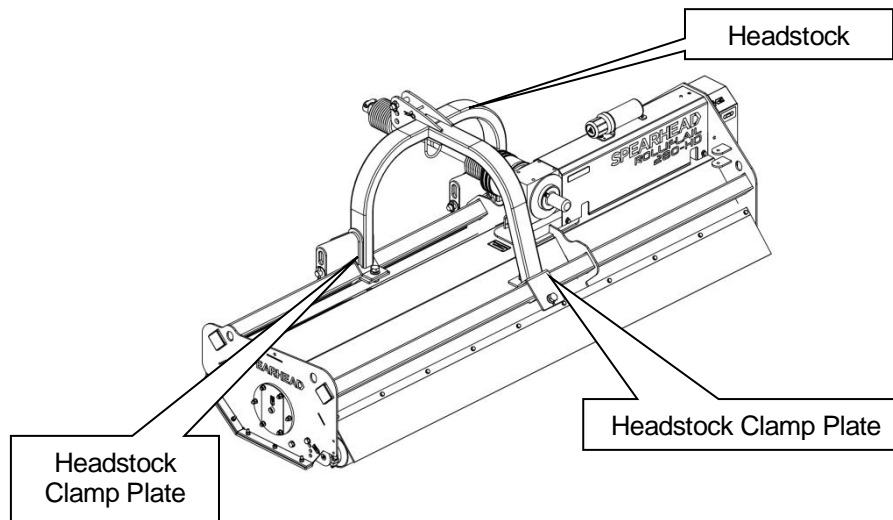


Figure 1.8



WARNING! Only personnel experienced in lift and hoist operation should be involved in lifting machines.

- 1.5.1.5 Undo the 4 setscrews holding the two headstock clamp plates onto the front flap side box section.
- 1.5.1.6 Undo the 2 setscrews on the 2 clamp plates holding the headstock rear support to the rear roller side box section.
- 1.5.1.7 Lift the complete headstock assembly clear of the machine taking care to prevent the headstock rear support from swinging freely and causing impact damage.
- 1.5.1.8 Rotate the assembly through 180 degrees.

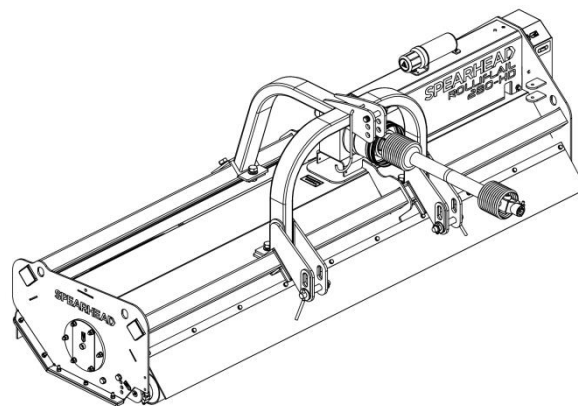


Figure 1.9

- 1.5.1.9 Lower the assembly with care to re-engage the Headstock onto the cowl's rear slider bar. Throughout this operation, take care to support the rear headstock support, keeping it raised above the cowl. Do not lower the assembly weight fully onto the box section.
- 1.5.1.10 Manually rotate and align the rear headstock support onto the cowl's front slider bar.
- 1.5.1.11 If necessary, whilst the assembly is still supported, slide the assembly left or right to ensure that the measurements from the cowl drive end plate to the Headstock and Tension support bracket are the same as recorded earlier.
- 1.5.1.12 Re-fasten all clamp plates on the headstock and rear headstock support.
- 1.5.1.13 Remove the lifting aid(s)
- 1.5.1.14 Finally unfasten the Gearbox PTO guard and the opposing Gearbox Pinion cover, swap them over and re-fasten them to the Gearbox.

IMPORTANT! The Rolliflail HD flail mowers are fitted with overrun clutches. In order for the machine to work front mounted, a replacement PTO shaft suitable for front mounted operation must be fitted. This is available from Spearhead Machinery; part number **5780078**.

- 1.5.1.15 Replace the PTO shaft, ensuring a correct front-mount suitable PTO shaft is fitted (5780078).
- 1.5.1.16 The machine is now ready for front mounting, see Figure 1.9.

1.5.2 Reversing The Headstock For Front Mount Operation – Hydraulic Headstock

NOTE: The optional hydraulic headstock available for the Rolliflail HD range of flail mowers has tractor mountings on the front and rear, requiring the headstock not to have to be removed from the flail mower cowl to allow for front mount operation.

- 1.5.2.1 Ensure that the machine is de-mounted from the tractor and standing on firm level ground within reach of lifting equipment.
- 1.5.2.2 The machine is normally supplied configured for rear mount and 1000pm PTO drive, see Figure 1.10.
- 1.5.2.3 Unfasten the Gearbox PTO guard and opposing Gearbox pinion guard, swap them over and re-fasten them to the Gearbox.

IMPORTANT! The Rolliflail HD flail mowers are fitted with overrun clutches. In order for the machine to work front mounted, a replacement PTO shaft suitable for front mounted operation must be fitted. This is available from Spearhead Machinery; part number 5780078.

- 1.5.2.4 Replace the PTO shaft, ensuring a correct front-mount suitable PTO shaft is fitted (5780078).
- 1.5.2.5 The machine is now ready for front mounting, see Figure 1.11.

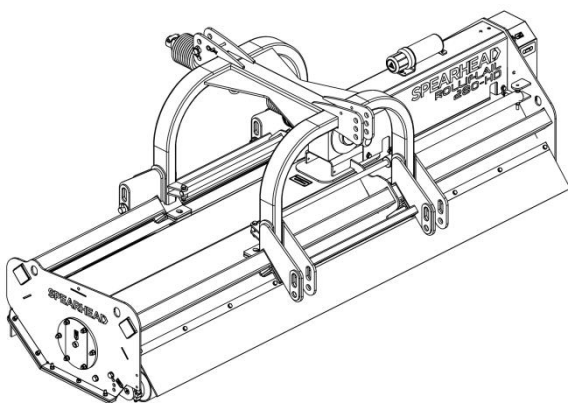


Figure 1.10

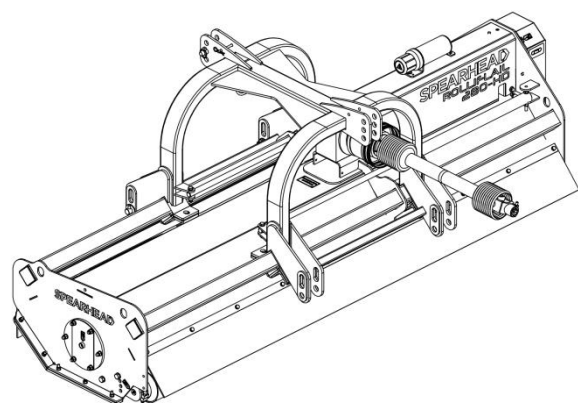


Figure 1.11

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2 Safety

2.1 Safety Warnings

The operator must read, understand and follow all of the Safety instructions. Serious injury or death may occur unless care is taken to follow the warnings and instructions provided. The level of safety is indicated in three levels and the following notation is used throughout this operator instruction book;



DANGER! Level 1; alerts for imminent death or critical injury.



WARNING! Level 2; warns of serious injury or possible death.



CAUTION! Level 3; indicates possible injury.

Never operate the tractor or machinery until you have read and completely understood this manual and the tractor operator's manual and each of the safety messages found in the manuals and those displayed on the tractor and implement.



DANGER! It is required that all operators and personnel carrying out maintenance on this machine familiarise themselves with the machine and this operator manual to ensure they are aware of the dangers of incorrect use or improper or incorrect repairs.



DANGER! **DO NOT** attempt any maintenance of or adjustment to the machine while it is running. Before carrying out any work on the machine follow the four safety instructions below:

1. Lower the cutting head on to the ground
2. Put the PTO out of gear
3. Apply the hand brake and if the ground is sloping, wedge the tractor securely
4. Stop the tractor engine, remove and pocket the starting key.



DANGER! Before starting, safety checks on tractor and flail mower must be carried out with regard to: functionality, road safety and accident prevention rules.



DANGER! The condition of flails and all guards must be checked before beginning daily work – they must be replaced if damaged or missing.



DANGER! At all times ensure that the PTO shaft guard is in position, securely fitted and in good condition and that the tractor PTO shaft shield is fitted.



DANGER! Keep a careful watch for passers-by who may inadvertently get in the way of cut material being thrown from the flail mower. Flail mowers are capable under adverse conditions of throwing objects great distances at high velocity. Stop the rotor shaft until all people are well clear.



DANGER! Do not use the machine when there is vibration in the flail mower, as this would cause breakage and serious damage. Find the cause of the vibration and eliminate it.



DANGER! **AVOID WIRE.** It can be extremely dangerous if wire catches in the rotor, and every care must be taken to ensure this will not happen. Inspect the working area before commencing. Remove all loose wire and obstructions and clearly mark those that are fixed so that you can avoid them. Any unusual noise from the cutting unit area indicates that the rotor shaft may have been fouled by an obstruction. In any such event **STOP** the tractor engine **INSTANTLY**. On no account move the cutting unit until the rotor has completely stopped. **NEVER UNDER ANY CIRCUMSTANCES** run the rotor in reverse to 'clear itself'. When the rotor has stopped, inspect it and remove any obstruction that may be present. If working under a raised machine ensure that it is safely supported. Before working on the rotor always stop the tractor engine and remove the ignition key.



DANGER! Pay special attention when working with the machine and do not touch fixed objects such as road drains, walls, shafts, curbs, guard rails, tracks etc. as these could break the flails which could cause debris to be thrown at very high speed from the machine



DANGER! Flail mowers are capable under adverse conditions of throwing objects great distances at high velocity. CHECK the flails for wear and the attachment bolts for tightness every day during work. A few moments; whenever the machine is stopped (e.g. whenever removing obstructions); will help reduce flail wear or loss.



DANGER! Keep your forward speed to a level appropriate to the operating conditions. High-speed manoeuvres are very dangerous, particularly on uneven ground where there is risk of overturning.



DANGER! Where a flail mower is used in conjunction with tractors not fitted with a glazed safety cab, a clear polycarbonate safety screen together with a mesh guard must be fitted to the tractor between the operator and the cutting unit. A polycarbonate safety screen must be used on cabs where windows are likely to be left open for ventilation purposes. It is essential that cab windows on the operating side; through which the cutting head is observed; are intact, clean and closed, or a clear polycarbonate safety screen must be fitted where grass trimming operations are carried out.



WARNING! Spearhead flail mowers have not been designed to carry towing forces. Owners or operators that fit tow hooks to Spearhead machines with the intention of towing or hauling do so at their own risk.



WARNING! Do not operate machinery with guards missing. Ensure that the correct guards are properly fitted to the machine and tractor at all times and that they are in good condition. Refer to section Section 2.5 to ensure you have the correct guards fitted.



WARNING! While the tractor is running all personnel should keep well clear of the area around the machine as there are numerous crushing, shearing, impact dangers caused by the machine operation.



WARNING! Extreme care should be taken when operating near loose objects such as gravel, rocks, wire, and other debris. Inspect the area before mowing. Foreign objects should be removed from the site to prevent machine damage and/or bodily injury or even death. Any objects that cannot be removed must be clearly marked and carefully avoided by the operator. Stop mowing immediately if flails strike a foreign object. Repair all damage and make certain the rotor shaft is still balanced before resuming cutting operations.



WARNING! Transport the machine only at safe speeds. Serious accidents and injuries can result from operating or transporting this equipment at unsafe speeds.



WARNING! Failure to have sufficient load over the front axle or to drive at inappropriate speeds on undulating terrain may result in a loss of directional control.



WARNING! Check that the levers which operate the hydraulic lift are locked into position, to avoid the machine lowering during transport.



WARNING! When driving on public roads respect other road users and obey the Highway Code.



WARNING! Never transport the machine with the rotor moving, even for short distances



WARNING! When operating the machine do not wear loose or trailing clothing which may become snagged or entangled in moving parts.



WARNING! Never carry passengers on the tractor.



WARNING! Never carry passengers on the flail mower.



WARNING! Never connect the power takeoff unless the engine is stopped.



WARNING! Never approach the flail mower until the rotor has completely stopped.



WARNING! Do not enter the working zone of the PTO shaft. It is dangerous to approach the rotating parts of the machine.



WARNING! Immediately replace any missing safety sign or any missing or damaged decal



CAUTION! Replace the PTO shaft guard or PTO coupling guard if any of the following are evident; guard cracked or damaged, any part of the PTO shaft exposed. Ensure the PTO shaft guard is free to rotate and the anti-rotation chains are securely fitted and effective.



CAUTION! Keep the roller in position at all times. It is an essential part of the machines guarding. The machine must not be operated with the roller missing.

2.2 Stopping In An Emergency

In an emergency use the prime mover controls to disengage drive to the PTO.



DANGER! **Be aware:** Even when drive is disengaged from the PTO the rotor shaft may continue to rotate under its own inertia for some time.

2.3 Noise

The sound level of this machine, as measured at the operator's ear, ranges from 74 dB to 75,8 dB when the cab is closed and from 77,3 to 81,2 dB when the rear window is open. The acoustic power level is LWA 101,2. When the sound level perceivable at the operator's ear ranges from 85 to 90 dB, the use of ear protectors is recommended.

2.4 Personal Protective Equipment

When working in an unsealed cab or where windows and apertures are open to the environment, operators are advised to wear suitable ear protectors, see section 2.3.

When handling cutting surfaces or hydraulic equipment, operators are advised to wear suitable gloves.

When clearing blockages, clearing wire, or working with pressurised hydraulic components, operators are advised to wear suitable eye protection.

When working at the work site, but off the tractor unit, operators are advised to wear a 'high-viz' garment.

2.5 Guards



DANGER! For safe operation it is essential that that all guards and the roller must be kept in position on the machine whenever the machine is running. Spearhead disclaim all responsibility for any damage or injury arising as a result of guards or roller being removed, or of guards other than of Spearhead manufacture having been fitted, or of operation of the machine other than in accordance with these instructions.



WARNING! Inspect guards twice daily or immediately damage is suspected.

Always replace guards that have damage or wear which could impair their performance. Typical damage to inspect for is as follows;

- **Drive guard and side skids** - distorted or with sharp outer edges.
- **PTO guards** - cracked, missing portions revealing moving parts
- **Flexible front guards** - missing portions, damaged, or worn sufficiently to permit stones or similar objects to be ejected beneath it in normal conditions.

2.5.1 Mandatory Guards

The General arrangement figure in section 1 and the list below show the mandatory guards required. These along with the Danger decals and Warning decals are necessary for safe cutting operations with this flail mower;

- PTO coupling guard
- PTO shaft guard
- Drive belt guard
- Front rubber flap
- Side guard skids
- Rear rubber flap (Where fitted)
- Roller

2.6 Tractor Stability

To eliminate any risk of loss of directional control, imbalance or overturning, it is essential that the tractor is stable during work and transport.

If the flail mower has 'side-shift' or 'offset' capability then, before work, check that at the flail mowers furthest side-shift the rear wheel on the opposite side to the side-shift is still on the ground. It is advisable to have a helper to check this. Check that the tyre shows evidence of bearing some load.

If the tyre lifts, then add ballast in the form of wheel weights to the rear wheel of the tractor opposite to the mower movement until the tyre shows evidence of bearing some load.

Before driving in transport, place the flail mower in the transport position and again check that the front wheels of the tractor are both on the ground. Again, it is advisable to have a helper check this. Check that the tyre shows evidence of bearing load. This is especially important to ensure forward directional control at speed on undulating terrain.

If the front tyres lift, add ballast weights to the front of the tractor. If ballast weights have been added to the tractor, check that the plated tractor axle loads have not been exceeded.



WARNING! Failure to have sufficient load over the front axle or to drive at inappropriate speeds on undulating terrain may result in a loss of directional control.

IMPORTANT: When transporting on the highway, it is the responsibility of the operator to obey all relevant local highway laws.

2.7 Working On Inclined Ground

The ballast instructions in section 2.6 are sufficient for level ground operation.

Be aware that when working on inclined ground changes in the tractor centre of gravity can adversely affect the overall stability. If the flail mower is side shifted and deployed downhill additional ballast may be required on the rear offside wheel to compensate. This is particularly true when raising the implement whilst turning.

There is naturally a limit to a safe amount of ballast compensation that can be applied for a given tractor unit and a given incline. If compensating ballast is applied and the compensated axle must be driven on the public highway to reach the work site the operator should ensure that the plated axle load is not exceeded.

Remember, a flail mower represents a significant mass which can generate a significant amount of inertia when moved at speed. Stopping this inertia suddenly can induce overturning reactions.



DANGER! When working on inclined ground avoid high speed manoeuvres which could cause overturning.

2.8 Working On Embankments

Sudden potholes at speed can quickly cause the tractor to change direction. At the same time the weight of the implement may try to lift the front axle. This is a potentially lethal combination when working along narrow embankments or dykes and can lead to overturning and potential drowning.

When working on top of embankments it is very important to have sufficient forward stability to ensure rapid steering control. Spearhead recommend 20% forward stability. This means that at least 20% of the total vehicle weight is acting on the steering axle under normal level conditions.



DANGER! When working on raised embankments ensure sufficient weight is on the steering wheels.

2.9 Proposition 65



Figure 2.1 – P65 Cancer And Reproductive Harm Decal

Operating, servicing and maintaining this equipment can expose you to chemicals including gasoline, diesel fuel, lubricants, petroleum products, engine exhaust, carbon monoxide, and phthalates, which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

To minimize exposure, avoid breathing exhaust, do not idle the engine except as necessary, service your vehicle in a well-ventilated area and wear gloves and wash your hands frequently when servicing your vehicle. Battery posts, terminals and related accessories contain lead and lead compounds, chemicals known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

This website, operated by California's Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, provides information about these chemicals and how individuals may be exposed to them.

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3 Safety Decals

Safety decals are located on various points of the machine see Figure 3.1. They can be identified by the yellow upper panel depicting the hazard, and the lower white panel indicating means of avoidance or precautions to be taken. These decals have no text. It is essential that all operators and personnel associated with the machine fully understand their meanings, which are shown in Figure 3.1.

Safety decals should be kept clean and legible at all times. Any safety decals which are found to be missing or illegible should be replaced.

Item No.	Decal Description	Quantity
1	Instruction: - PTO input speed requirement	1
2	Instruction: - Grease every 8 hours	5
3	Instruction: - Correct belt tensioning	1
4	Instruction: - Check chains	1
5	Warning: - Remove key and read handbook	1
5	Warning: - Keep nuts tight. Check every 8 hours	1
5	Danger: - Do not stand on machine	1
5	Danger: - Cutting hazard from rotating blades	1
5	Danger: - Thrown object hazards	1
5	Danger: - Falling wing hazard	1
5	Danger: - Pinch points	1
5	Danger: - Hearing protection required	1

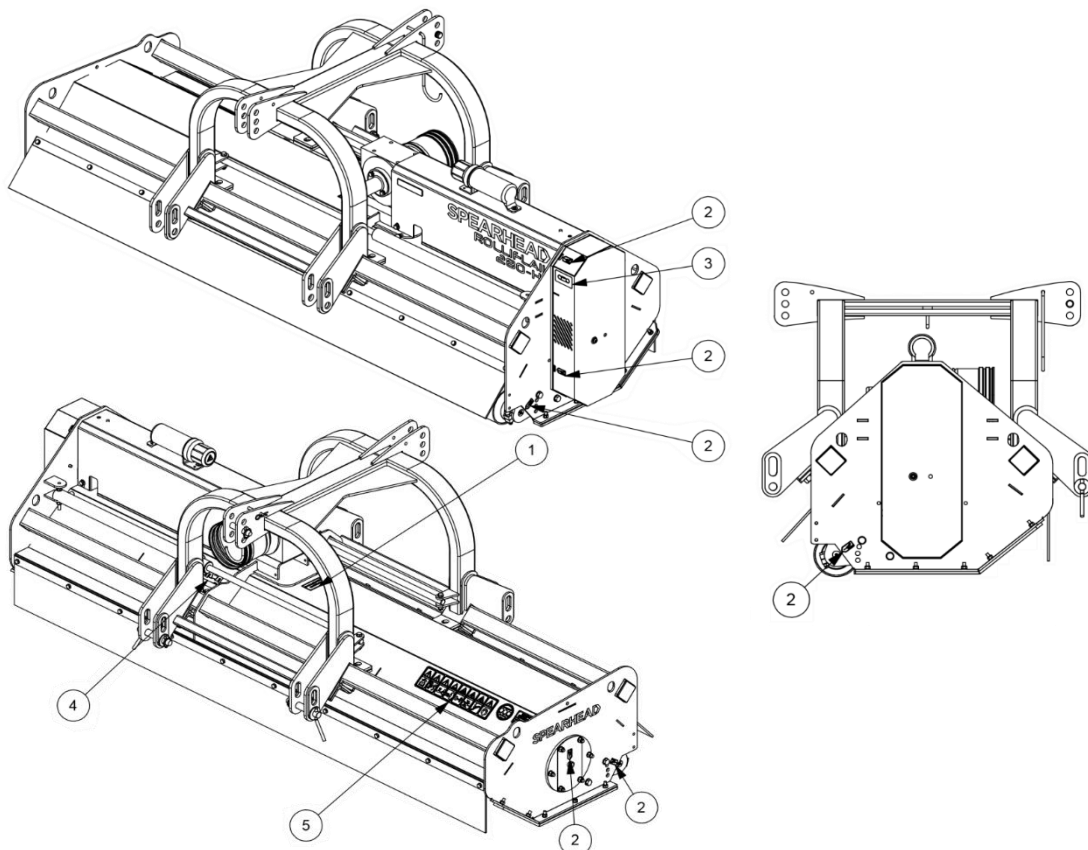
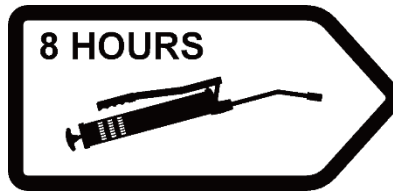


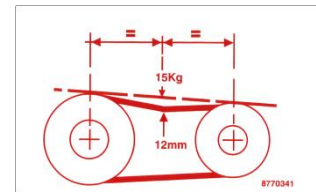
Figure 3.1



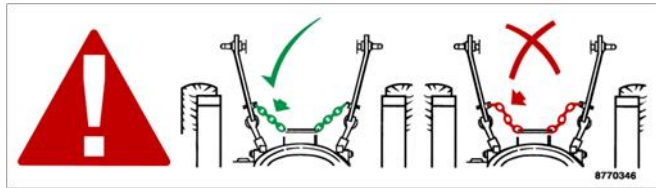
Indication to the correct operating speed of the machine when in work. 1000 RPM



Placed and pointed towards components of the machine which should be greased at least once every 8 hours



Placed on the belt guards on each of the main cowl fabrications giving guidance to the correct process of tensioning up drive belts



Keep tractor chains tight



Operating, servicing and maintaining this equipment can expose you to chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.



A B C D E F G H I J

OPMAN00641

a	Warning: - Remove key, read instruction manual	The original machine operators manual should be read before using the machine giving guidance to operation and maintenance
b	Instruction: - Check the tightness of fasteners	The tightness of all fasteners around the machine should be checked at least once every 8 hours
c	Danger: - Do not stand ride on the machine	The machine should be at no point be ridden on; whether in transport or during work
d	Danger: - Cutting hazard from rotating flails	Personnel should keep at distance from the machine when the machine is operating
e	Danger: - Flying debris	Personnel should keep at distance from the machine when the machine is operating due to the risk of items being flung from the machine
f	Danger: - Crushing hazard if unsupported	Personnel should keep at distance from the machine when the machine is unsupported as of the risk of the wing and other items falling posing potential entrapment or crushing
g	Danger: - Pinch point hazard	Personnel should keep at distance from the machine when the machine is operating as of the risk of entrapment or crushing by components
h	Danger: - Wear ear protection	Personnel should wear hearing protection when in close proximity to the machine in operation to prevent permanent hearing damage
i	Warning/Instruction: - Explosion hazard	Check the working site before proceeding to use the machine.
j	Warning/Instruction: - Clear cowl of debris	It is important to ensure that the machine cowls are clear of debris to stop the risk of fire. Never drive over fire with the tractor and machine.

8770618 Safety Decal Definitions

4 Machine Preparation

4.1 Tractor Requirements

Before fitting the machine to the tractor ensure that specification of the tractor meets the requirements listed below.

4.2 Tractor Checks

- 4.2.1.1 Availability of a PTO output shaft which conforms to the 'Machine general specification' in chapter 1.0.
- 4.2.1.2 Availability of a PTO output speed which conforms to the 'Machine general specification' in chapter 1.0.
- 4.2.1.3 A tractor top link is available if required.
- 4.2.1.4 To ensure fore aft stability ballast may need to be added to the tractor front weight tray. The amount will vary depending on type of tractor used and prevailing conditions.
- 4.2.1.5 To ensure lateral stability ballast may need to be added to the rear wheel opposite the side shift or offset direction. The amount will vary depending on type of tractor used and prevailing conditions. NOTE: Some Spearhead machines are capable of being deployed on both sides of the tractor, in such case lateral ballast may be required on both rear wheels.
- 4.2.1.6 Once the machine is mounted to the tractor and the tractor is correctly ballasted ensure that the maximum axle loads for the tractor have not been exceeded. Failure to meet this requirement may render the operator liable for infringement of public highway regulations.
- 4.2.1.7 Ensure that the tyres fitted to the tractor are correctly rated for the total working weight. NOTE: When the flail mower is side-shifted or offset to its maximum capability the load on the rear tyre on the cutting side increases significantly.
- 4.2.1.8 Spearhead does not endorse the use of water ballast within tyres as this can have adverse effects on fore aft stability at speed.

4.3 Lifting The Machine



WARNING! Only personnel experienced in lift and hoist operation should be involved in lifting machines.

The lifting points are indicated in the Machine general specification in chapter 1 'Machine description'. Use lifting equipment suitable for the weight of the machine see section 1.4 Machine general specification for machine mass. - Exercise caution!

4.4 Tractor Preparation For Mounting Headstock

Before mounting the flail mower to the tractor and whenever the machine is used, always conduct the following:

- Visually check the machine in general for defects
- Check that all guards are fitted and in good condition
- Confirm that all flails and bolts are fitted and in good condition
- Grease the bearings and any other part as indicated in Gearbox oils and Grease section.
- Check tractor PTO speed is correct for the machine see section 1.4.

4.4.1 Mounting The Rolliflail HD Range

The Rolliflail HD range can be front or rear mounted by reversing the fitment on an entire standard headstock. If an optional hydraulic headstock is fitted, the machine can be simply mounted from the other side of the headstock. In either case see section 1.5 for guidance.

To detach the flail mower from the tractor, complete the following instructions in reverse.
To mount the flail mower to the tractor; refer to Figure; and proceed as follows;

- 4.4.1.1 Position the machine on a flat, hard surface
- 4.4.1.2 Remove the pins (A) and (D) from the support lugs in the headstock.
- 4.4.1.3 Carefully reverse the tractor so that the ball joint on the lower link arm (B) lines up with the lower link pin engagement hole in the headstock.



DANGER! During reversing do not allow personnel between the tractor and the mower.

- 4.4.1.4 Insert the pins (A) and secure them with the spring clips.
- 4.4.1.5 Fit the top link to the tractor and adjust its length until pin (D) can be fitted. Pin (D) can be fitted to either of the top holes. Secure pins with the spring clips.
- 4.4.1.6 Start the tractor and raise the lift arms until the machine is horizontal to the ground.
- 4.4.1.7 Fit and adjust any lateral stabilizer chains or brackets to retain the flail mower to the tractor in a central lateral position.
- 4.4.1.8 Lower the machine to the ground ensuring the lift arms are in float condition before proceeding to fit the PTO (C).

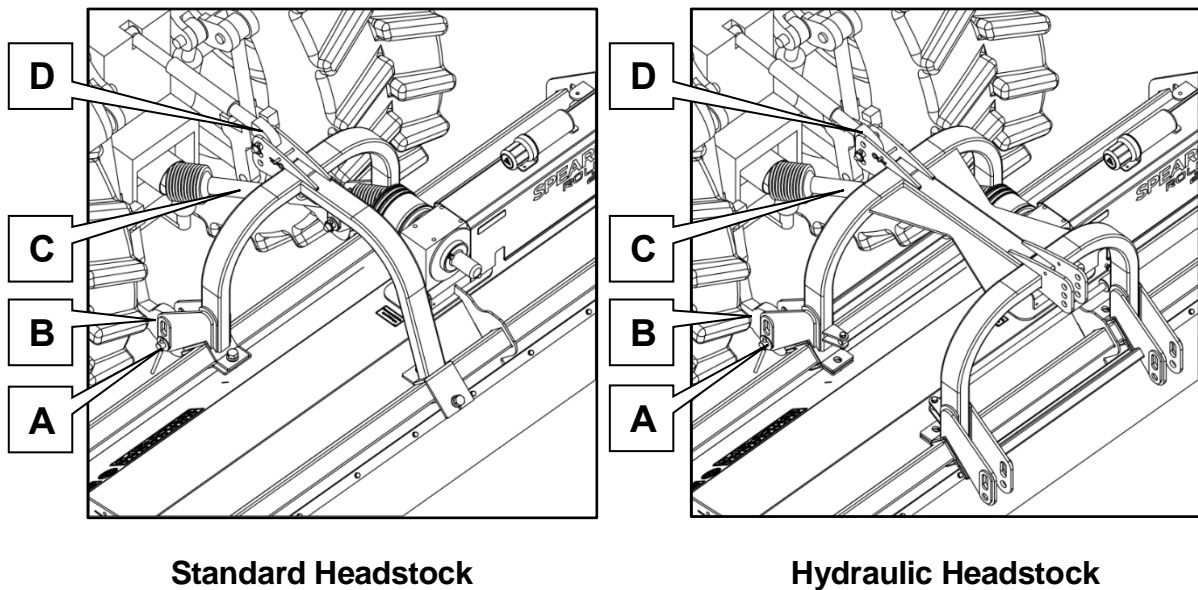


Figure 4.1

4.5 Fitting The PTO

Due to many different makes and sizes of tractor to which mowers may be fitted, a nominal length PTO shaft is supplied with the machine. In some cases, the nominal PTO shaft supplied will be too long and will have to be shortened, see below.

IMPORTANT: The recommended minimum engagement of the PTO is 150mm in the working position. This measurement must be taken into account when shortening the PTO shaft. (See Figure 4.1)

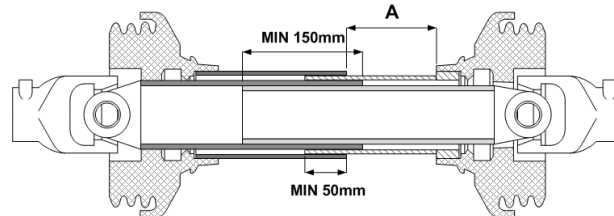


Figure 4.2

4.5.1 Shortening The PTO Length

- 4.5.1.1 Both machinery and tractor must be parallel to one another.
- 4.5.1.2 Pre-assemble the PTO shaft and check that the drive tube overlap is not less than 150mm, see Figure and Figure 4.1 a.
- 4.5.1.3 Check that the minimum overlap of the shaft guards is not less than 50mm, see Figure .
- 4.5.1.4 If the overall PTO length is likely to reduce during operation then ensure that at its minimum there is at least 40mm movement left between the guards, see dimension 'A' in Figure .
- 4.5.1.5 If the PTO needs to be shortened, cut both tubes as both halves must be shortened equally, see Figure 4.1 b.
- 4.5.1.6 Remove burrs with a file and clean any residual cutting debris from the tubes.
- 4.5.1.7 Before fitting the PTO shaft to the tractor, grease the sliding drive shafts and bearing units.
- 4.5.1.8 Fit the PTO to the tractor ensuring that the locking peg and collar on the spline-coupling is fully engaged.
- 4.5.1.9 Attach the PTO guard check chains to the tractor and to the machine to prevent guard rotation.

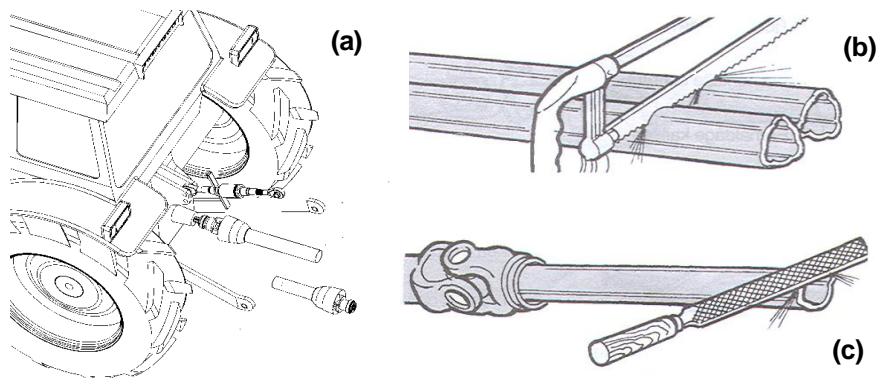


Figure 4.1

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5 Gearbox Oils And Grease

5.1 Filling The Gearbox

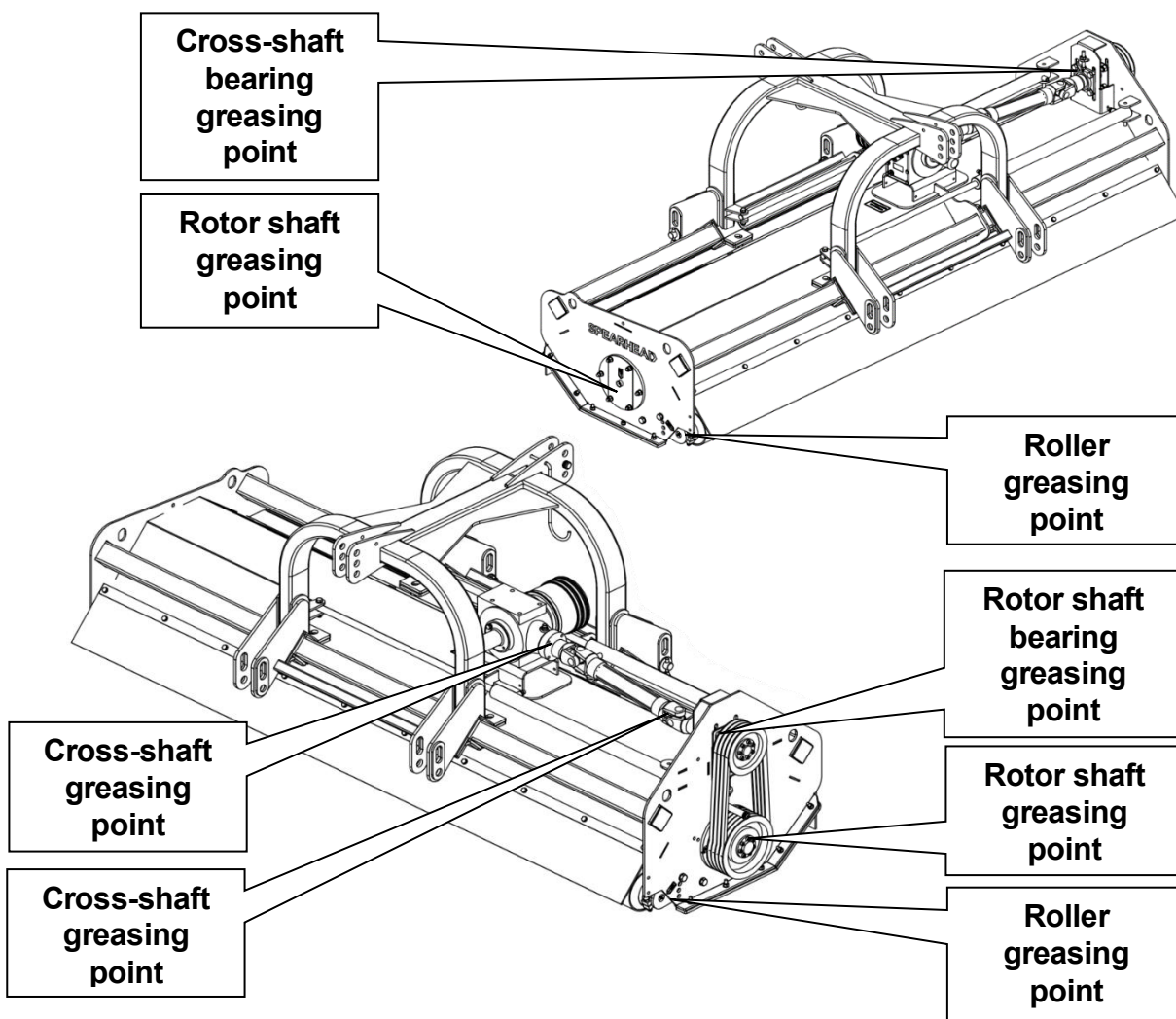
The gearbox capacity is 1.8 litre. Always check the oil level before use and top up if necessary, see maintenance section. Use oils compatible with classification SAE 90EP (ISO VG 220, AGMA 5EP).

5.2 Greasing Points

See greasing locations in Figure 5.1. Use grease classification DIN 51825 (KP 2 K) or a good quality lithium based grease.

NOTE: The illustrations show the Rolliflail 280HD with cross-shaft and belt guarding removed. The same routine greasing requirements apply to the Rolliflail 200HD and Rolliflail 250HD.

In order to access all grease points, the cross-shaft guard and belt guard will need to be removed.



NOTE: These illustrations show the Rolliflail 280HD with cross-shaft and belt guarding removed on a machine. The same routine greasing requirements apply to the Rolliflail 200HD and Rolliflail 250HD.

Figure 5

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6 Settings And Adjustments

6.1 Operational Settings And Adjustments

6.1.1 Adjusting The Height Of Cut

The cut height can be adjusted by raising or lowering the flail head roller to suit the material to be cut and the required degree of chopping, see Figure . Support the skids at both ends by blocks. The size of the blocks should be sufficient to give enough free movement of the roller bracket (B) to achieve the desired cut height. Ensure that the machine will not slide off the blocks. Support the roller appropriately - it is heavy! Undo setscrew (A) on the roller bracket at both ends of the machine. Raise or lower the roller to the desired height by aligning one of the roller bracket setscrew holes with the hole in the cowl side plate. Make sure that the same hole is selected at both ends. Failure to do this will produce an uneven cut. With the roller still supported, re-fit and re-tighten the setscrews on both roller brackets. Remove the roller support and the blocks to lower the machine to its new cut height.



CAUTION! Do not allow the rotor flails to contact the ground - set roller height to allow a minimum flail to ground clearance of 1cm.



CAUTION! The machine must always run on the rear roller not the side skids – side skids are a protection feature and in normal working conditions remain clear of the ground.

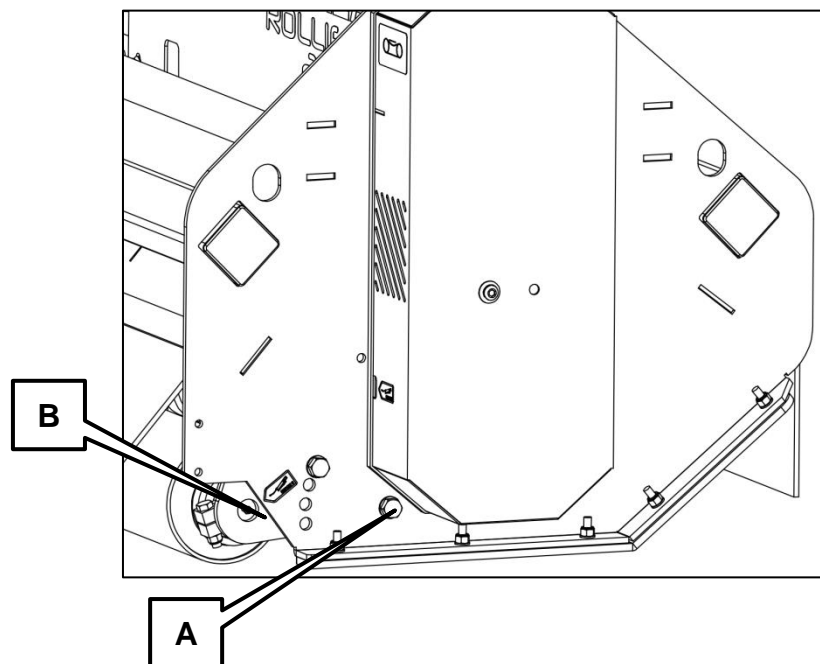


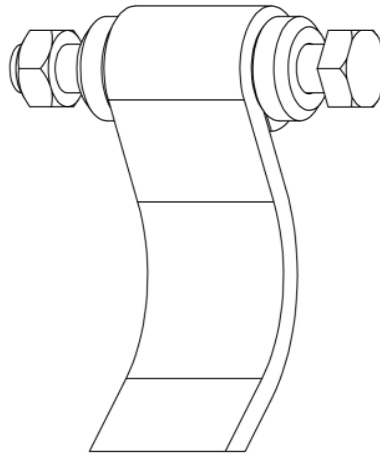
Figure 6.1

6.1.2 Flail types available

The machine is equipped with 45mm C flails as standard, see Figure 6.2. The C flails are suited to heavy duty work with the ability to cut material up to 30mm (1.2") diameter.

The design of the mower is such that during work the rotor unit cuts in reverse rotation (See section 1.3) and raises the cut material over the rotor towards the back of the cowl. In doing so material falls back into the rotor and is cut again several times until it is small enough to be discharged from the rear of the machine.

The rotor unit should be inspected prior to work on a daily basis to check for damaged or missing flails – always replace damaged or missing flails immediately. Flail bolts should be checked for tightness on a regular basis and re-tightened as required before attempting to use the machine.



C Flail

Figure 6.2



WARNING! When replacing worn or broken flails, always replace opposing pairs and use a new bolt and locknut with every installation. This minimises rotor out of balance and ensures nut retention.



WARNING! Checking of rotor components should only be carried out with tractors engine switched off, starting key removed and the PTO shaft disconnected. Always 'prop up' the machine using suitable supports before attempting to inspect or work on components underneath it.

6.1.3 Tensioning Of Drive Belts

It is important for both optimal machine performance and long-lasting belt life that belts are correctly tensioned at all times. On the Rolliflail HD range, the belts must be tensioned manually and re-checked periodically.



WARNING! Checking of belts and drive components should only be carried out with tractors engine switched off, starting key removed and the PTO shaft disconnected. Never attempt to run the machine with the belt guard removed – Replace guard after tensioning before starting the machine.

6.1.3.1 Checking Belt Tension

Tension is correct when a force of 1 kg is exerted on the belts at their mid-point between the upper and lower pulleys which deviates the belts by 15mm.

After the first 2 hours of work re-check the belt tension and taper locks, see 1 & 2 in Figure 6.3. Tighten if required, torque setting for Taper Locks is 40Nm.

Belt Tension

12mm deviation under 15kg pressure at mid-point of belt run

Taper Locks

Check tightness on new machines after initial 2 hours of work

The tension may vary depending on the size of the machine. To check and maintain the correct belt tension follow the instructions below;

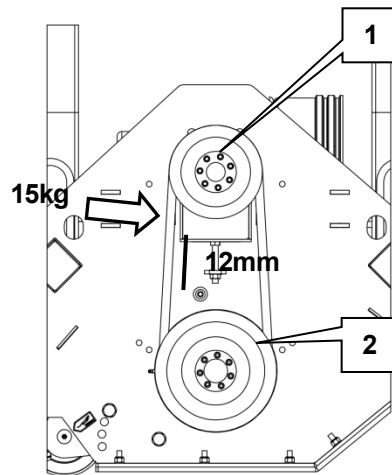


Figure 6

6.1.3.2 Belt adjustment – manual tension plate

Adjustment of the belt tension is performed by loosening the 4 bolts on the inner bearing collar (A) and the 4 bolts on the outer bearing collar (B), see Figure 6.4 below. Then using a spanner loosen off the locking nuts on the bearing tensioners (C) and then rotate the bolts (D) up or down to increase belt tension until belt deviation matches the required measurement – see above. Once the correct belt tension is achieved, tighten up the nut (C) to lock the bolt in position.

Ensure that once the belt has been tensioned correctly that the pulleys are level with each other. This can be achieved by using a Straight Edge (E) and tightening the loosened bolts on the bearing collars (A+B) until they're level.

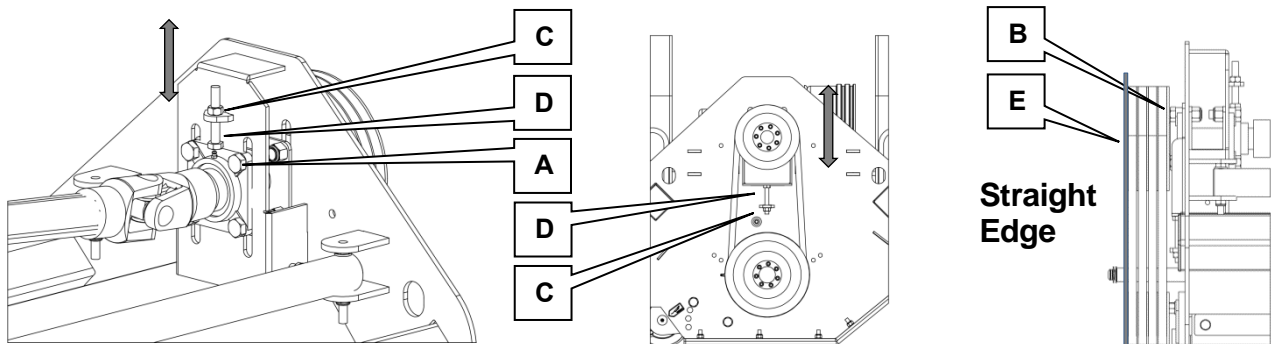


Figure 6.4

6.1.4 Hydraulic Side Shift (where fitted)

On machines fitted with hydraulic side-shift, adjustment to the required side shifted position can be carried out from the tractor cab using the tractor auxiliary controls to operate the hydraulic side-shift ram, see Figure 6.5 A. This is best achieved with the mounted unit raised clear of the ground to allow for free sideways movement.

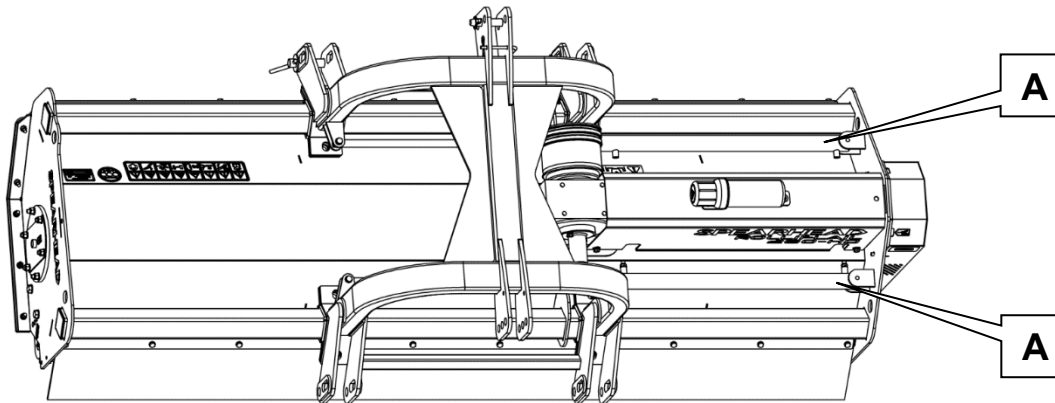


Figure 6.5

7 General Operation

7.1 Operator Training

These notes are produced for guidance and are intended to help the operator obtain the best results from the machine, with the minimum of trouble and downtime. The operator should read the following pages carefully and be familiar with the contents before commencing work. A familiar knowledge of the operator instruction manual forms an essential part of the training record for a competent user.

This machine is designed solely for vegetation control and must not be used for any other purpose. Use in any other way is considered as contrary to the intended use. Compliance with, and strict adherence to, the conditions of operation, service, and repair, as specified in this manual is also considered as the intended use.

This machine should be operated, serviced, and repaired only by persons who are familiar with its particular characteristics and who are acquainted with the relevant safety procedures. Accident prevention regulations, all other generally recognised regulations on safety and occupational medicine, and all road traffic regulations must be observed at all times.

This operator's manual should be regarded as part of the machine. Suppliers of both new and second-hand machines are advised to retain documentary evidence that this manual was provided with the machine. Record the serial number and product number inside the front cover of this manual. These numbers can be found on the machine serial number plate (See Figure 7.1) which is located on the front right-hand face of the cowl (See separate Parts book). Always quote these numbers in any correspondence with a dealer.


SPEARHEAD	
Evesham, WR11 8SW, GB www.spearheadmachinery.com Tel: +44 (0)1789 491 860	
	
MACHINE	<input type="text"/>
SERIAL No.	<input type="text"/>
MASS (Kg)	<input type="text"/>
	MODEL TYPE
	PROD. YEAR
	MODEL YEAR
<small>8771055</small>	<small>MADE IN ENGLAND</small>

Figure 7.1

The parts manual supplied with the machine is specific to the construction of the machine. It will already contain the machine serial number on each page. Upon delivery always confirm that the parts book serial number matches the machine serial number.

7.2 Machine Inspection Records

Section 7.4 below offers a standard form for an inspection record sheet which can be used when inspecting a Spearhead flail mower or hedge cutter. This form can be photocopied from the manual. When completed and filed in a machine log these records together with the operator training records and service records can accumulate to a useful machine ownership record.

Machines should be checked pre-delivery, post installation and prior to each work shift. Inspection should be carried out preferably by the operator or a suitably qualified responsible person.

The tractor engine must be switched off with the key removed. The cutting head must be positioned flat on the ground or suitably rested on blocks either side of the cutting head. Steam cleaning the machine will help with this inspection.

7.3 In The Maintenance Tool Box: (Not Supplied)

The user's own maintenance toolbox should contain a selection of replacement flails, shackles, washers and (new) fasteners matching those fitted to the flail mower prior to work. The toolbox should also contain the appropriate spanners (metric) to make the changes to flails and guarding if necessary.

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7.4 Machine Inspection Record

SPEARHEAD	MACHINE INSPECTION RECORD (For Rolliflail 200/250/280HD)	Pre-delivery inspection:	Select
		Installation inspection:	Select
		Daily pre-work inspection:	Select
Model:	Serial No:		
Inspector name (print):	Inspection date:		
Company/Position:			
Inspector signature:			
Visual Checks		Comments	OK
Check that an operator's instruction manual in the correct language for the working territory is in the machine document holder.			
Check that the serial number printed on the parts manual supplied with the machine matches the serial number of the machine.			
Warning decals are present, clean and in good order			
Check main cowl and headstock for any structural problems			
Review the condition of the roller bearings and replace if necessary			
Look for any evidence of gearbox oil leaks			
View the rotor shaft for any missing or excessively worn flails			
Review all the guards fitted to the machine and tractor, check with the instruction book if unsure.			
If fitted, check that the mulching bar is in good order.			
Review the PTO shaft guard to be in sound condition.			
If fitted, Check hoses for damage, Kinks, twists, chafing or weeping.			
Check that the prime mover is equipped to supply the correct rpm at the Power Take-Off shaft			
Mechanical Checks		Comments	OK
All mounting fasteners to tractor need to be checked for tightness and integrity. This may require the machine being taken off the tractor to do this.			
Review the security and tightness of the main pivot pins and replace any missing securing pins.			
Check the condition and tension of the drive belts			
If fitted, check the security of any hose fittings for tightness			
Check the tightness of the flail fasteners by tightening – do not undo as locknuts may loosen.			
Check the tightness of the gearbox mounting fasteners			
Ensure gearbox oil is to the level plug.			
Check the PTO shaft bearing for any wear. Remove the shaft if necessary.			
Check tightness and condition of the side skids.			
Check and adjust tractor tyre pressure. See tractor instruction book.			

Running Checks	Comments	OK
Once you are happy with the above start the tractor and run through the operational checks below.		
With the flail mower on the ground run the rotor up to operating speed and check for rotor shaft vibration. If vibrating check the trouble shooting section in the instruction book for reasons.		
If fitted, check the workings of the headstock float, if engaged. (See section 'Settings for flail mower float' in instruction manual)		

Other comments:

Disclaimer: All guidance and maintenance advise to be carried out on the machine as written in this inspection record is deemed on the provision that the operator/maintenance operative has fully read and understood the specific operators manual for the given model of machine and follows the guidance and safety precautions described within it.

Spearhead claims no responsibility to any machine and/or physical harm caused by anything other than the practice guidelines stated in its specific machine model operators manual.

Spearhead Machinery Ltd
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7.5 Basic Control

Before commencing work each day conduct a 'daily pre-work inspection' and record the findings on a copy of the 'Machine Inspection Record'. File this report safely as part of the 'Machine ownership record'.

Check that the tractor is equipped to deliver the correct rpm and rotation direction at the PTO shaft. There is a speed decal located adjacent to the gearbox input spline which will indicate the required rpm. The machine is designed to run at this speed. Check also that the machine is firmly and safely mounted.



WARNING! Under no circumstances must the PTO be run at speeds more than 5% higher than indicated. See Section 1; 'Machine general specification'.



WARNING! Increasing the PTO speed will directly increase the flail rotation speed. This can damage the rotor shaft and break flails prematurely. If the PTO speed is higher than recommended, then the flails will not be cutting at their optimum rate. This will also shorten the life of the machine.

7.5.1 Machine Pre-Start Check

At every opportunity and before getting into the cab and starting the engine perform the following inspections;

- 7.5.1.1 Check that the rotor is free from obstructions especially pieces of wire.
- 7.5.1.2 Check that all flails are in good condition and securely attached to the rotor.
- 7.5.1.3 Check that all guards are in their correct place and in good condition (see Safety chapter).
- 7.5.1.4 Check the oil level in the gearbox before starting.

IMPORTANT: DO NOT OVERFILL. Most oils increase in volume as they warm up and aerate and can then spill out through the breather. (Refer to chapter; Gearbox oils and grease.)

7.5.2 Start up



CAUTION! Do not start the rotor while it is under load. Always free the rotor from any obstructions first.

- 7.5.2.1 Adjust the cut height to suit the type of work to be done and the material to be cut. See section; 'Adjustments and settings'.
- 7.5.2.2 Ensure the PTO is disengaged.
- 7.5.2.3 Start the tractor unit.
- 7.5.2.4 With the tractor engine at tick-over speed engage the PTO.
- 7.5.2.5 Slowly increase engine speed to flail mower operational PTO speed. This can be found in Section 1; 'Machine general specification'.
- 7.5.2.6 Select forward working speed to suit the material to be cut and the degree of mulching required. The optimum forward speed range is 3 to 8 km per hour.



CAUTION! When executing tight turning manoeuvres, in field margins or at headlands lift the machine off the ground to avoid damaging the machine.



CAUTION! When reversing lift the machine off the ground to avoid damaging the machine.

7.5.3 Stopping

- 7.5.3.1 Lower the cutting head on to the ground
- 7.5.3.2 Put the PTO out of gear
- 7.5.3.3 Apply the hand brake and if the ground is sloping, wedge the tractor securely
- 7.5.3.4 Stop the tractor engine, remove and pocket the starting key.



DANGER! Be aware: Even when drive is disengaged from the PTO the rotor shaft may continue to rotate under its own inertia for some time.

7.5.4 Transportation To Or From Work Site

Normally the machine will need to be driven to and from the work site before and after work. If necessary in order to keep the tractor and machine width to a minimum side shift the flail mower to the transport position which is illustrated in the 'Machine general specification' in section 1.

Before driving on the public highway check the following;

- 7.5.4.1 All parts of the flail mower are sufficiently clear of the tyres to prevent contact during bounce and sway on braking, turning and undulating ground.
- 7.5.4.2 Ensure sufficient ballast is added to the front of the tractor to maintain steerage under bounce conditions.
- 7.5.4.3 Ensure that the axle loads do not exceed the plated axle limits for the tractor
- 7.5.4.4 Ensure the tyres are correctly inflated and rated for the axle loads.
- 7.5.4.5 Ensure all stop, tail and indicator lights are in working order are visible to road users at the rear and fit a trailer bar if appropriate.
- 7.5.4.6 Ensure that any debris; cut material, mud or stones that may have collected on the machine during work are removed before driving on the public highway. This will prevent any hazard to other road users being dropped onto the road.

IMPORTANT: When transporting on the highway, it is the responsibility of the operator to obey all relevant local highway laws.

IMPORTANT: Pay due care and attention to the driving conditions and drive accordingly. **DO NOT** travel too quickly over undulating ground. The flail head is a significant mass, thus braking, turning, sway and bounce can magnify forces and induce significant and damaging loads into the flail mower which is rigidly attached to the tractor. Spearhead will not warrant damage bought about by abuse of the machines intended use or neglectful handling.

7.6 Cutting Guidelines

7.6.1 The Tractor

Keep the tractor PTO speed at the indicated rpm in order to maintain the correct rotor speed for the job (see section 1.4 'Machine general specification'). Depending on the build of the fitted cutting unit this will be 2000 to 2200 rpm. Slower speeds may reduce the quality of cut obtained by the rotor.

7.6.2 The Work Area

- 7.6.2.1 Examine the piece of work to be cut. It is very important that the work site is inspected before cutting and all hidden obstructions removed, or their position clearly marked so that they may be avoided.
- 7.6.2.2 Check for tree stumps, drain pipes, large stones, wire etc.
- 7.6.2.3 Repeated stalling of the rotor in heavy growth is likely to cause damage to the rotor.



WARNING! Do not allow personnel near the machine while it is operating.

7.6.3 General Cutting Hints

- 7.6.3.1 The rotor shaft speed should ideally be between 2000 - 2200rpm.
- 7.6.3.2 Run the rotor using the indicated PTO speed.
- 7.6.3.3 Avoid rushing into the work. Remember that the unit must chop up the material as well as cut it to height.
- 7.6.3.4 Avoid taking in too much grass by regulating the forward speed of the tractor.
- 7.6.3.5 If the rotor shaft slows down or begins to choke up in grass, raise the cutting unit a little and allow grass to fall clear.
- 7.6.3.6 Before continuing with the cut let the rotor speed recover again.
- 7.6.3.7 Advantage may be gained in exceptional conditions by taking a narrow cut with part of the cutting unit clear of the work.

IMPORTANT: After the initial first 2 hours of work with a new machine, nuts and bolts should be checked for tightness and the drive belts inspected and re-tensioned if required

7.6.4 Stalling The Rotor

If the rotor does become choked the tractor may stall or the belts may slip. If this occurs follow the instructions below:

- 7.6.4.1 Stop forwards motion and disengage drive to cutting unit immediately
- 7.6.4.2 Apply the hand brake and if the ground is sloping, wedge the tractor securely
- 7.6.4.3 Ensure that the rotor has stopped and lift the cutting unit.
- 7.6.4.4 Stop tractor engine, remove and pocket the starting key.
- 7.6.4.5 Remove any obstruction that may be present on the rotor.



WARNING! If working under the raised machine ensure that it is safely supported.

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8 Removal, Storage and Disposal

Before removing the machine from the tractor, perform a thorough check of the machine.

8.1 Preparation for storage

Thoroughly clean all moving parts, particularly the cutting unit. Check that all flails are in place and that they are in good condition. Check any hoses for damage such as cracks, evidence of chafing and leaks. Smear all unpainted metal parts with grease and lubricate all grease nipples. Finally, in preparation for next seasons cutting make a note of any item that needs replacing so that parts can be ordered in good time.

8.2 Parking and removal

To detach the flail mower from the tractor for storage as follows;

- 8.2.1.1 To prevent the risk of rolling, locate a safe place with firm flat ground on which to store the flail mower. If necessary wedge the roller to prevent inadvertent movement, see Figure 8.1.
- 8.2.1.2 Bring the tractor to a stop in this location. If the machine has been transported to this location the PTO drive should already be disengaged. If the machine is to be demounted at the end of work, then disengage the PTO drive and side-shift the machine back into its transport position.
- 8.2.1.3 Lower the machine fully to the ground, apply the handbrake, turn off the engine and remove and pocket the ignition key.
- 8.2.1.4 When the rotor has stopped turning, decouple any lateral stabilizer chains or brackets to retaining the flail mower in a central lateral position
- 8.2.1.5 De couple and remove the PTO drive shaft (A).
- 8.2.1.6 Unwind the top link (B) to let the machine settle. The pins should not be holding any tension.
- 8.2.1.7 Remove the top link from the machine by unfastening the spring clip and withdrawing pin (C). Retain the pin and spring clip in the top link hole on the flail mower for future use.
- 8.2.1.8 Unfastening the spring clip and withdraw pins (D) from the lift arms (E). Retain the pins and spring clips in the bottom link of the flail mower for future use.
- 8.2.1.9 Start the tractor engine and drive carefully forward disengaging the machine from the tractor.
- 8.2.1.10 Store the PTO shaft in a safe place. Protect the mower PTO and spline from the effects of weather.

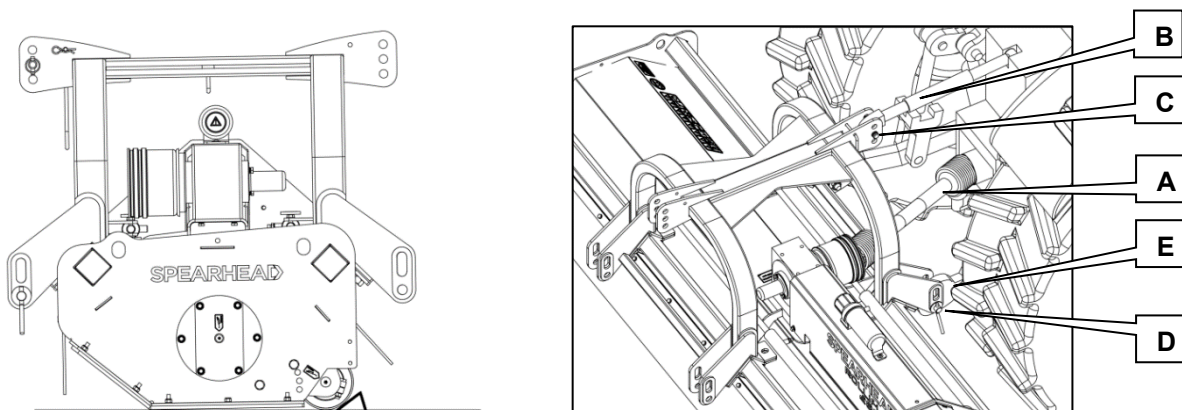


Figure 8.1

8.3 Disposal

When Spearhead equipment reaches the end of its economic working life it should be disposed of responsibly, either through an approved recycling centre or by compliance with all applicable regulations in force in the destination territory.

In most instances Spearhead machines can be broken into its constituent parts with the use of basic workshop equipment. Figure 8.2 contains a typical list of constituent materials, together with disposal guidelines.

When undertaking a machine breakdown, take care to ensure that heavy parts are always adequately supported to avoid injury.

To avoid environmental contamination, take containment precautions to retain control of liquids in order.

It is the owner's responsibility to ensure the machine is disposed of in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Material	Typically found in;	Disposal guideline
Steel	Structural components, fixed guards, fasteners and driveline	Can be dismantled and recycled. Take care when handling heavy and/or sharp objects
Aluminium	Pump and gearbox housings, serial number plates	Can be dismantled and recycled. Take care when handling heavy and/or sharp objects. Take appropriate actions for oil contaminated products
Copper	Wiring, electrical components	Can be recycled using appropriate recovery procedures.
Hydraulic oil	Tank, hydraulic components	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations
Rubber	Hoses, flexible guards, seals, 'O' rings	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations
Plastics	Clips, caps, cable ties, decals, filter housings, document holders, bushes, electrical components, plugs, connectors, wire insulation	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations
Filter element	Filter housings	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations
Cork / paper	Gaskets	Dispose of in accordance with all applicable regulations

Figure 8.2

9 Maintenance

For routine maintenance or repair spare parts may be obtained from the Spearhead parts department.

Where parts are broken, damaged and deemed not fit for use; replace with genuine Spearhead parts using the online Interactive Parts facility at:

<https://my.spearheadmachinery.com/parts/public-interactive-parts-database/>

9.1 Regular Preventative Maintenance

All maintenance, cleaning and repair operations must be performed with the machine firmly lowered to the ground and detached from the tractor or with the PTO disconnected, engine switched off and starting key removed. For any repairs or maintenance that requires access from underneath, the machine should be firmly and safely raised and propped using suitable purpose designed supports capable of bearing the machines full weight. Care should be adopted at all times when working with or under a raised machine.

Daily maintenance operations facilitate the removal of mud or other material from rotating parts (bearing, pins etc.) in order to avoid rust and possible seizures. This helps to prolong the service life of the machine.

Maintenance schedule			
Ref:	Interval	Function	Maintenance action
1	First 2 hrs	Belts	From new (or after fitting new belts) check belt tension and taper lock tightness – re tension and tighten if necessary
		Bolts and nuts	From new tighten
2	Every 8hrs	Bolts and nuts	Tighten
		Flails	Check wear and condition
		Guards	Check that all safety guards including the PTO guard are in good condition and replace if worn, cracked or damaged
		Belts	Check belt condition and tension
		Cowl and headstock	Check visually for damage caused by previous work
		Gearbox	Check lubrication levels
		Extension tube	Check lubrication levels
		Grease points	Grease at each grease point marked by a grease decal
		PTO shaft	Grease the PTO shaft tubes regularly
		Check chains	Ensure the guard check chains are securely attached and in good condition
3	First 50hrs	Gearbox	Drain and replace oil.
		Filters (if fitted)	Replace filter elements
4	Every week	PTO universal joints	Grease universal joints at both ends of the PTO shaft. Check bearing journals for roughness or slackness and replace if necessary.
5	Every month	Rams (if fitted)	Check ram caps for tightness and if necessary tighten immediately
		Pins	Check all pins for damage, wear and correct retention.
6	Every 500hrs	Filters (if fitted)	Replace filter elements
7	Every 1000hrs or annually (whichever is earlier)	Gearbox	Drain and replace oil.
		Drive-tube	Drain and replace oil.

9.2 Drive Components

9.2.1 Power-Take-Off shaft (PTO)

The normal agricultural type of PTO shaft is used. Spares kits; comprising for example; the spider, needle bearings, circlips; are available from your dealer.

Some routine maintenance is needed to ensure a trouble-free life of the PTO shaft.

- 9.2.1.1 Grease both ends of the PTO shaft weekly.
- 9.2.1.2 Grease the PTO shaft tubes regularly.
- 9.2.1.3 Ensure the guard check chains are securely attached and in good condition.
- 9.2.1.4 Check that PTO guard is in good condition and replace it if cracked or damaged.
- 9.2.1.5 Check the universal joint bearing journals for roughness or slackness. Replace if necessary.

9.2.2 Gearbox

The gearbox transmits the available power of the tractor PTO through a flexible drive shaft coupling and into the rotor via a belt driven pulley system. Gearbox lubrication capacity is detailed in the 'Machine general specification' in chapter 1.0 and recommended oils are detailed in chapter 5.0. Gearbox mounting fasteners should always be torqued to at least 90-100Nm

IMPORTANT: Always check oil level before use and top up if necessary.

Drain and replace the oil after the first 50 hours' work and thereafter every 500 hours or 12 months, whichever is the earlier. The positions of the filler plugs (F), level plugs (L), drain plugs (D) and breather (B) are shown for the gearbox in Figure 9.1 below for all models of Rollifail HD.

NOTE: The location of the filler plug (F), level plug (L), drain plug (D) and breather plug(B) depends on whether the machine is a right hand (RH) or left hand (LH) build.

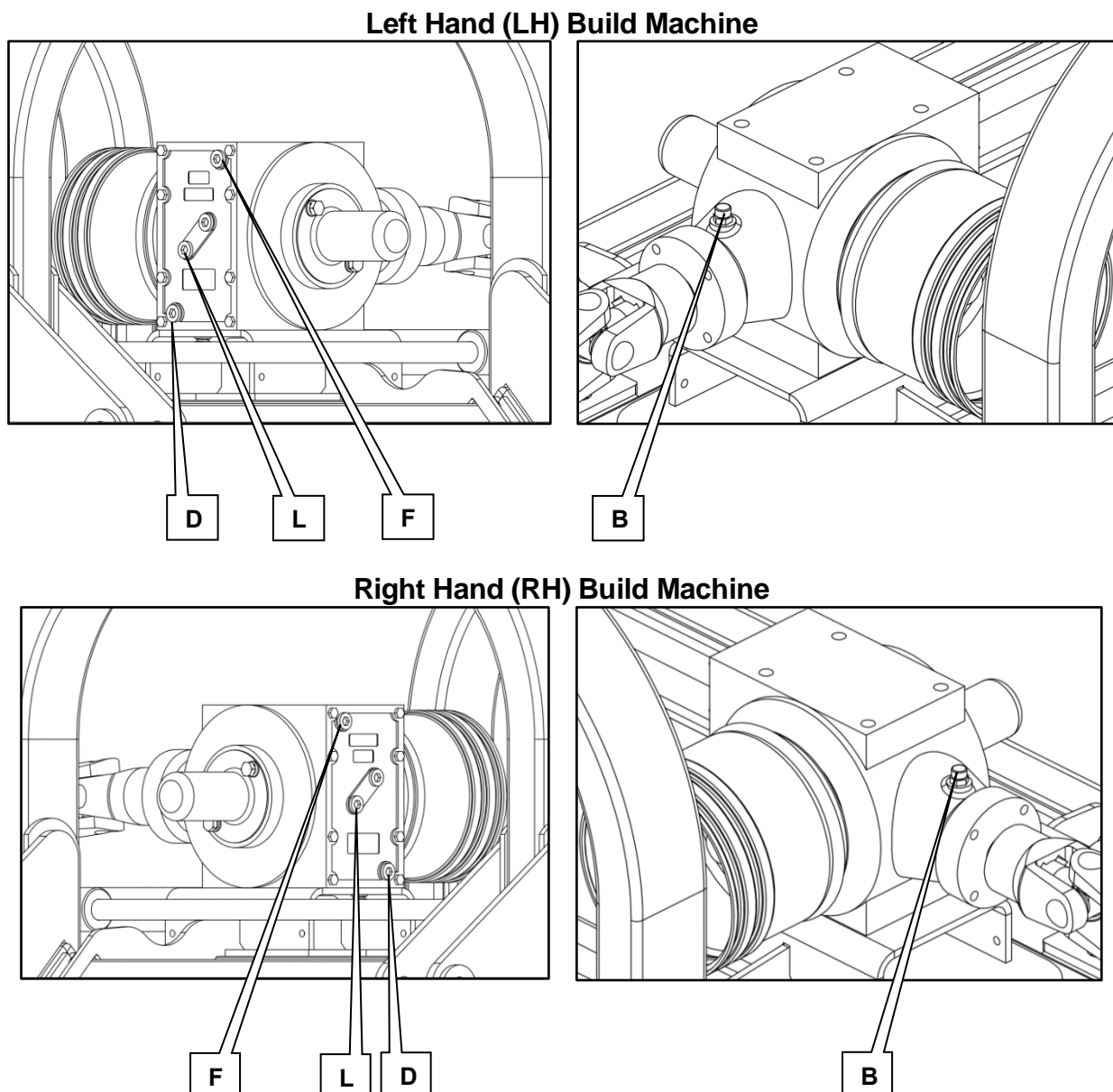


Figure 9.1

9.2.3 Rotor Shaft

If vibration of the rotor occurs stop the machine immediately. This is often a sign that a flail is either missing or severely damaged. If this is the case **DO NOT** use the machine until the problem has been rectified. If vibration continues, or occurs for no apparent reason, the rotor must be checked by an authorised workshop and if necessary rebalanced before using the machine again. Contact your local dealer for further advice or assistance on this subject.



WARNING! Check flails daily. Check that flails are in good condition and securely attached to the rotor shaft. Replace any that are damaged. When replacing a flail always replace the retaining bolt and locknut at the same time.



CAUTION! Vibration of the rotor shaft will cause premature failure of the rotor shaft bearings. It is important not to operate the machine with the cutting unit vibrating.

As soon as any vibration is felt stop operating the machine and make the checks listed below:

- 9.2.3.1 Stop tractor engine and disengage PTO drive.
- 9.2.3.2 Lower the flail mower on to axle stands and ensure it is supported safely.
- 9.2.3.3 Check daily for missing or worn flails. Always replace missing or worn flails in pairs opposite each other to maintain shaft assembly balance.

IMPORTANT: A New flail must always be fitted with a new retaining bolt and locknut.

- 9.2.3.4 Check that the retaining bolts are in good condition. If any are found to be bent or in poor condition, then even if the flail is still good, replace the bolts and locknuts together.
- 9.2.3.5 Check that the securing locknuts are visibly tight. If any nuts are loose **do not** re-tighten the old locknut. Always replace with a new locknut and tighten. **Note:** Locknuts deform once, on fitting, to provide a prevailing torque (a torque-off resistance). The prevailing torque prevents the nut from coming loose due to vibration. If a locknut is subsequently re-tightened, then this protection is lost.

IMPORTANT: Only fit genuine Spearhead spare parts.

- 9.2.3.6 If any flails were missing or loose and have been replaced or tightened, run the rotor and retest for vibration. If vibration is still present, check rotor shaft bearings as follows;
 - Stop tractor engine and disengage PTO drive.
 - Check rotor shaft bearings for roughness or signs of slackness.
 - Replace the bearings if either of the above symptoms is found.
 - If vibration persists it is an indication that the rotor shaft is probably bent and must therefore be replaced.

9.2.4 Flail Replacement

The rotor and flails should be inspected for wear or damage on a regular basis – missing, damaged or worn flails should be replaced immediately. When replacing a flail, the diametrically opposite flail should also be replaced at the same time in order to maintain rotor balance. All replacement flails should be fitted with new retaining bolts and locknuts.



DANGER! Machine and tractor should be switched off and the starting key removed at all times when inspecting or maintaining the machine – Never work on a machine that is switched on and running.

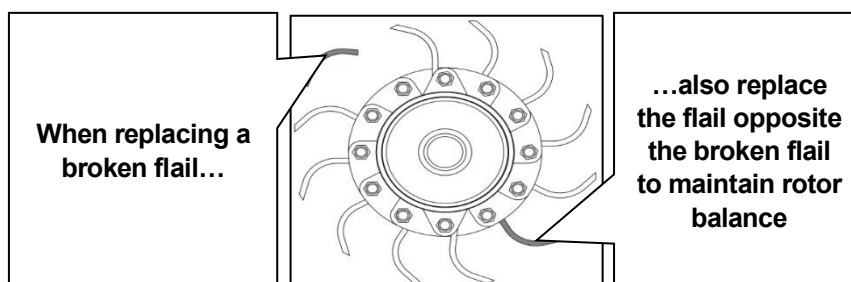


Figure 9.2

9.3 Hydraulic Components (if fitted)

9.4 Rams

It is advisable to check all ram caps for tightness occasionally and if found to be loose tighten them immediately.

9.4.1 Filter(s)

The element(s) must be changed after the first 50 hours work and thereafter every 500 hours.

9.4.2 Hoses

It is false economy to try and make a damaged hose last a bit longer, because a failure can spill a lot of oil on the road endangering traffic, the environment and costing money. To reduce the risk of this happening and ensure a long life from the hoses, follow the guidelines below. On a weekly basis:

- 9.4.2.1 Check that all hoses and their connections are in good condition and that there are no leaks or damage. Replace any hose that is leaking or damaged.
- 9.4.2.2 Check to see that hoses are not and have not been chafing against sharp edges. If evidence of chafing is found, then inspect for damage and if found replace. Re-route any hose that has been chafing; see section on 'Hydraulic hose checks' in 'Installation' chapter.
- 9.4.2.3 Check to ensure that hoses are fitted without kinks or sharp bends.
- 9.4.2.4 If in doubt about the condition of any hose replace it. When replacing hoses, be sure to tighten to the correct torque setting, see Figure 9.3.



WARNING! Some hoses may contain residual pressure, take care when removing them.

BSP SWIVEL FEMALE TORQUE VALUES				
Thread	Metric (Nm)		Imperial (lbf.ft)	
Diameter (inch)	nominal	Min - max	nominal	Min - max
1/4	20	15 - 25	14.75	11.06 - 18.44
3/8	34	27 - 41	25.07	19.91 - 30.24
1/2	60	42 - 76	44.25	30.97 - 56.05
5/8	69	44 - 94	50.88	32.45 - 69.32
3/4	115	95 - 135	84.81	70.06 - 99.56
1	140	115 - 165	103.24	84.81 - 121.68
1 1/4	210	140 - 280	154.87	103.24 - 206.49
1 1/2	290	215 - 365	213.86	158.55 - 269.17

METRIC SWIVEL FEMALE TORQUE VALUES				
Thread	Metric (Nm)		Imperial (lbf.ft)	
Diameter (mm x pitch)	nominal	Min - max	nominal	Min - max
M 16x1.5	26	25 - 28	19.18	18.44 - 20.65
M 18x1.5	37	35 - 39	27.29	25.81 - 28.76
M 22x1.5	47	45 - 50	34.67	33.19 - 36.88
M 26x1.5	89	85 - 94	65.64	62.69 - 69.33
M 30x2.0	116	110 - 121	85.56	81.13 - 89.25
M 36x2.0	137	130 - 143	101.05	95.88 - 105.47
M 45x2.0	226	215 - 237	166.69	158.58 - 174.80
M 16x1.5	42	40 - 44	30.98	29.50 - 32.45
M 18x1.5	53	50 - 55	39.09	36.88 - 40.57
M 20x1.5	63	60 - 66	46.47	44.25 - 48.68
M 22x1.5	79	75 - 83	58.27	55.32 - 61.22
M 24x1.5	84	80 - 88	61.99	59.00 - 64.91
M 30x2.0	126	120 - 132	92.93	88.51 - 97.36
M 36x2.0	179	170 - 187	132.02	125.39 - 137.92
M 42x2.0	263	250 - 275	193.98	184.39 - 202.83

Figure 9.3

9.5 Structural Components

9.5.1 Pins

Periodically check all pins for damage, wear and correct retention.

9.5.2 Greasing

There are a number of greasing points on the machine that need regular attention;

- 9.5.2.1 All pivot bushes on rams, offset arms and cowl linkages (if fitted) equipped with a grease nipple,
- 9.5.2.2 Flail head rotor bearings
- 9.5.2.3 Flail head roller bearings
- 9.5.2.4 PTO knuckles
- 9.5.2.5 PTO engagement spline

These should all be greased after every 50hrs of work. When greasing the flail head roller and its bearings do not over grease or the carriers may be forced apart and distorted by the pressure.

IMPORTANT: Any good quality lithium-based grease may be used for lubrication of pivot pins and bearings.

Grease the rotor shaft bearings as follows:

- 9.5.2.6 Place the flail mower on the ground or support it safely.
- 9.5.2.7 Stop the tractor engine and disengage drive to the PTO shaft.
- 9.5.2.8 Rotor shaft bearing grease nipples are located on each of the bearing housings/collars under the drive-end belt guard, on the non-drive-end rotor shaft cover plate and under the flexible drive-shaft coupling guard.
- 9.5.2.9 Roller bearing grease nipples are located on each of the roller clamp plates.
- 9.5.2.10 Apply grease to the nipples but do not grease violently as damage to the seals may result. Do not over grease or it could cause overheating.

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10 Trouble Shooting

Trouble shooting – Flail mower issues			
	Symptom	Possible cause	Remedy
10.1	Irregular cut	a) Worn, bent or broken flails	Replace flails immediately
		b) PTO Input speed too low	Check PTO input speed and increase to maximum indicated.
		c) Machine is not level to the ground	Level the machine. Check the roller function and condition.
		d) Clogged material due to excessive ground speed	Reduce tractor speed over ground and check correct PTO input speed.
10.2	Machine noise	a) Loose bolts	Check and tighten.
		b) Damage to cowl structure or cracks	Repair cowl in specialised workshops or replace.
		c) Vibration	See vibration below
10.3	Gearbox noise	a) Lack of oil	Fill to level
		b) Worn gears	Replace gears
		c) Worn bearings	Replace bearings
10.4	Vibration – Investigate quickly!	a) Lost flail(s)	Replace any missing flails in opposed pairs immediately
		b) Broken or worn flails	Replace flails in opposed pairs immediately
		c) Bent or Unbalanced rotor	Replace rotor or contact Spearhead shaft reconditioning service.
		d) Worn rotor bearings	Replace in authorised workshops.
		e) PTO speed too high	Reduce PTO speed to the correct operating speed
10.5	Premature flail wear	Flails touching the ground	Adjust the height of cut using the roller
10.6	Excessive backlash	Worn pins	Check pin hole condition, replace pins in joints.
10.7	Roller breakage	Violent impact with ground	Lower the machine gently to the ground. Inspect damage. Replace or repair in authorised workshops.
10.8	Bearing function poor	a) Damage due to violent impact with ground	Replace in authorised workshops. Always lower machine gently.
		b) Wear due to lack of lubrication	Replace in authorised workshops. Follow grease maintenance schedule
10.9	Belts overheating	a) Belts slipping on pulleys	Check and adjust belt tension.
		b) Flail touching ground	Adjust the height of cut using the roller
		c) Working speed unsuitable for the material to be cut	Reduce tractor speed over ground and check correct PTO input speed.
10.10	Poor cutting performance	a) Flails worn out	Replace blades once the performance has dropped below an acceptable level
10.11	Poor power transmission	b) Drive belts slipping - low belt tension	Check and adjust belt tension
		c) Drive belts slipping - check for wear and or oil on drive belts	Replace when worn/oily and or shredded
10.12	Rotor continually stalls	a) Forward cutting speed too fast	Reduce forward cutting speed
		b) Cutting too close to the ground	Lower the roller to cut less. For shorter cut make more than one cut.
		c) Wrong PTO speed	If PTO speed is too low then the cutting inertia is reduced. Increase PTO rpm to correct cutting speed.
		d) Belts slipping- low belt tension	Check and adjust belt tension
		e) Belts slipping – oil on belts or belt wear	Replace when worn/oily and or shredded

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11 Spare Parts

11.1 How To Obtain The Correct Spare Part Numbers

For correct part numbers; use the Spearhead interactive online parts books. These are available at <https://my.spearheadmachinery.com/parts/public-interactive-parts-database/>. You will need to enter the machine serial number; see Figure 7.1.

11.1.1.1 Enter the serial number.

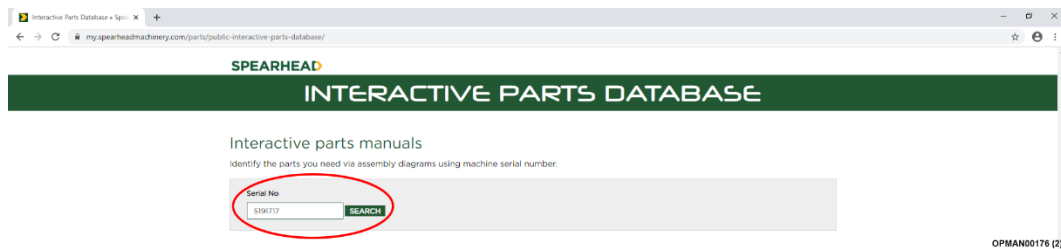


Figure 11.1 – Type In Serial Number

11.1.1.2 After entering the serial number a specification for the machine will appear. Click on the serial number; see Figure 11.2.

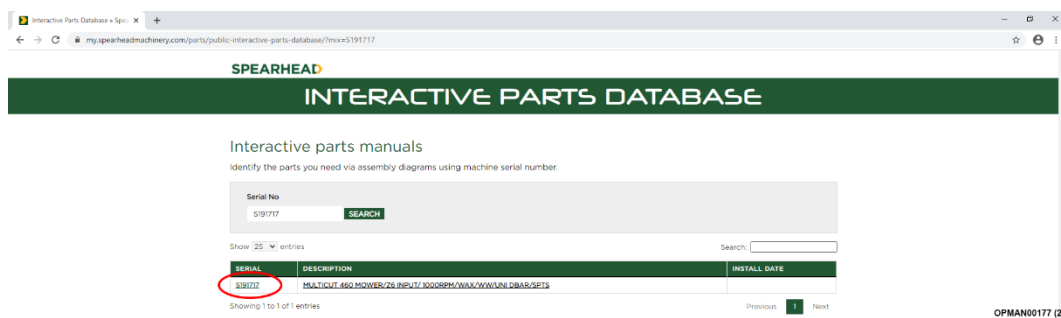


Figure 11.2 – Click On Serial Number

11.1.1.3 After clicking on the serial number a full parts breakdown, specific to the machine serial number will appear showing the various parts and assemblies of the machine. Click on the specific assembly picture required; see Figure 11.3.

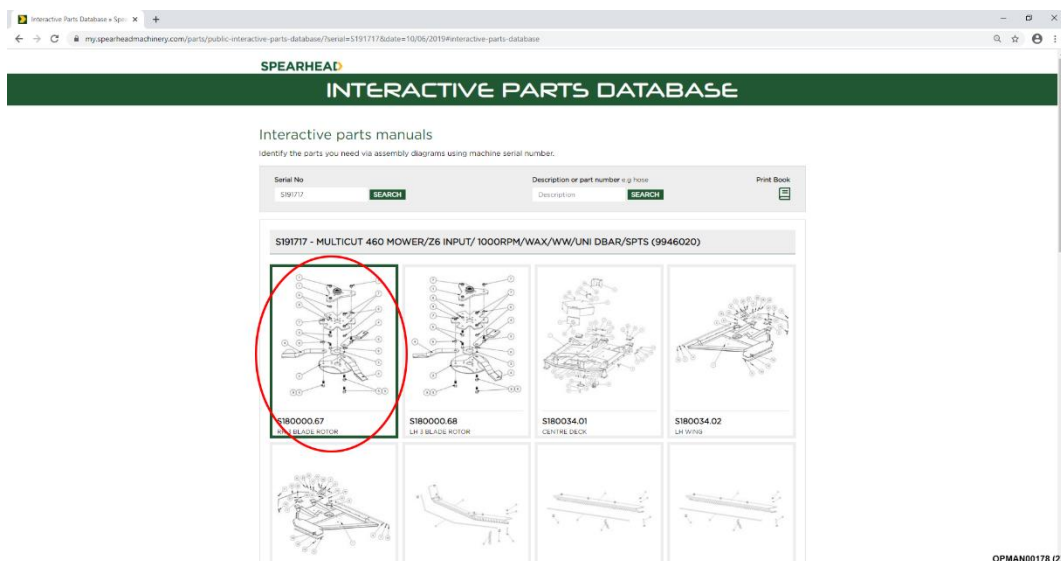


Figure 11.3 – Click On Assembly

11.1.1.4 You will finally be presented with a full exploded parts breakdown for that particular assembly, giving part numbers and the quantities required; see Figure 11.4.

The screenshot displays the 'Interactive Parts Database' interface. At the top, there is a search bar with 'Serial No' and 'Description or part number' fields. Below the search bar, a table lists the parts for an exploded view. The table has columns for 'Ref', 'Part No', 'Description', and 'QTY'. The parts listed are:

Ref	Part No	Description	QTY
1	1770602-342	CHIMBLADE CARRIER (1770602)	1
2	1770609	LOWER BLADE CARRIER (1770609)	1
3	1770604-3	SPACER	1
4	7770700	BLADE - RH C/W PIN 25	3
5	2770463	BOLT	6
6	7770707	BLADE BUSH	6
7	2770449	NUT	6
8	046002	CARRIER	1
9	2770464	WASHER	2

To the right of the table is an exploded view diagram of the assembly, with numbered callouts (1-9) corresponding to the parts in the BOM table. The interface also includes a 'Print Book' button and a 'Print Part List and Diagram' button.

Figure 11.4 – Exploded Parts Breakdown With Bill Of Materials

11.2 Spare Parts Ordering

It is important to note that when it comes to ordering replacement parts, that this can **only** be carried out through a Spearhead dealer. **Spearhead does not accept direct customer parts orders over email, fax or telephone.**

For guidance on finding your local Spearhead dealer; see Section 11.3.

11.3 Dealer Network

Spearhead has an extensive dealer network which can offer genuine replacement parts.

In order to make it easier to find your local Spearhead dealer, the Spearhead website has a Dealer Locator facility.

<http://www.spearheadmachinery.com/dealer-locator/>

To find your local Spearhead dealer enter your location or postcode into the “Your location” box and then press “Search”; see Figure 11.5.

The screenshot shows the 'DEALER LOCATOR' page on the Spearhead website. The search bar is labeled 'Your location' and contains the text 'Evesham'. Below the search bar, a map of the United Kingdom is displayed, showing the location of Evesham in the West Midlands region. The search radius is set to 25 miles, and the results are shown as 25 dealers. The website header includes the Spearhead logo and navigation links for Home, Products, Dealer Locator, About, Owners Hub, Used Machinery, News, and Contact.

Figure 11.5 – Dealer Locator

Notes

Notes